BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BOUTELLE & BURR. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR ME., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1881. | VOLUME XLVIII---NUMBER 55.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

At East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

EDWIN A. BURR.

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THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

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AGENTS.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and Tribune Row, New York, are authorized Agents to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions at the rates named.

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G. P. ROWELL & Co., Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

C. STEARNS, 352 Washington street, Boston.

FRANK DODD, Agent, Boston.

E. RAYNER, Agent, 41 Park Row, New York.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

A date affixed to the colored slips shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

"We Your Friends to Come."

We have some good bargains still left, which must be closed out to make room for Spring Stock. Price is no object. THE GOODS MUST BE SOLD. If you need any clothing, call at once on

ROBINSON & AREY,

"OLD CORNER CLOTHING HOUSE,"

WEST MARKET SQUARE.

BANGOR, - - - - - - - MAINE.

feb24 eod

HARGAINS!

Another Lot Just Received, Cheaper Than Ever.

Laces, Lace and Muslin Ties,

A Large and Beautiful Variety.

LINEN HAND KERCHIEFS.

Another Lot of those Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 12 1-2 cents.

L. L. GERRISH, 23 Main Street.

fe7 eod tf

E. K. JAMES, DAVID DAVIS,

Plumbers and Steam Fitters,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Force Pumps, Bath Tubs, Water Closets,

PLAIN AND GALVANIZED IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS,

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Rubber Hose, &c.

EXCHANGE, COR. YORK STREET, - - BANGOR, ME.

oct5

Business Cards.

NEWMAN BODWELL

Architect, Contractor and Builder.

Plans, Plats, Specifications, and estimates furnished for seaside Cottages, and Villas, of all styles and cost.

Lots in lots 66x100 ft., around Castine Light House, for sale cheap. $20 to $50 per lot, mineral water. Write and inquire.

Reference given, and all work guaranteed to give satisfaction. All letters of inquiry promptly answered. P. O. Box 42, Castine, Me.

feb9

EDWARD H. BLAKE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC

111 Central Street, Bangor.

feb21 eod

W. W. MAXFIELD,

DENTIST.

Office No. 2 1-2 Strickland's Block,

Railway Bridge, Bangor, Maine.

Gas administered when desired, and all work warranted. if oct11

HALE & BAILEY,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office, Hammond and Franklin Sts.,

BANGOR, - - - MAINE.

CHARLES F. DAVIS, CHARLES A. BAILEY

Bangor, Jan. 1st, 1881. jan15

PARKER & JOHNSON,

COMMISSION BROKERS,

AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 115 State Street,

BOSTON.

D. E. PARKER. J. F. L. JOHNSON. 1m

A. D. HADLOCK,

Counsellor at Law,

Room No. 1, Centennial Block,

93 EXCHANGE STREET,

PORTLAND, - - - MAINE

Mr. Hadlock will continue to attend the Courts in Hancock and Waldo Counties.

3m

WM. H. EARLE,

STENCIL CUTTER,

Manufacturer of all kinds of Rubber Stamps for Marking, Dating, Pencil and Pocket Stamps. Seal Stamps and Seals, &c.

NO. 3 GRANITE BLOCK,

PORTLAND, - - - MAINE.

feb26 eod&w tf

JOHN S. KILBALL & SON,

AUCTIONEERS,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agency,

28 Exchange Street.

Loans and Mortgages Negotiated.

feb22 1y

J. A. WINCHESTER,

(Successor to Pearl & Webb)

Commission Merchant,

BANGOR AUCTION ROOMS,

22 Central Street.

We have the largest assortment of

POCKET KNIVES

in the City. Also the

ACME GRATE

which is the best. Please call and see them.

J. P. DICKEY & CO.

HARDWARE STORE - - BROAD STREET.

feb21 d&w

JUST REMEMBER

That the DEPOT for the best

TEAS and COFFEES,

is to be found in Bangor, is at

THOMPSON & KELLOGG'S,

CENTRAL STREET.

Skates Sharpened

Skates of SKATES Sharpened the same as new when new at

H. NEAL'S GUN SHOP,

1 Harlow Street.

J. K. LINCOLN,

DENTIST.

Resided to use Nobili, the great discovery for killing pain while filling teeth.

Office No. 2, Wheelwright & Clark's Block,

West Market Square. eMS&W

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The firm of Buzzell & Shaw is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. A. BUZZELL, W. F. SHAW.

Bangor, Me., March 5, 1881. 3w

A "KEY WEST" CIGAR,

FOR

5 CENTS,

—AT—

T. R. SAVAGE & CO.'S.

feb21

INVESTMENTS.

2 PER CENT. GUARANTEED.

THE [illegible] GOLD MINING CO.

Subscriptions to the 10,000 shares of this Company's stock for construction account, at $1.00, will be closed on Feb. 15. The Company will open subscriptions on Feb. 5 for an

ORE-PURCHASING FUND.

The price of shares subscribed for under this fund will be $2.50, and by vote of the Directors at the last meeting the undersigned are empowered to add an GUARANTEE, for the first year after purchase,

[illegible]

upon the price paid. The stock is certain to quickly go to par, giving subscribers a profit of One Hundred per cent. upon sales of the same. The Ore-Purchasing Fund is to be solely used for buying ore outright, and holders of stock subscribed for under it, will not only share in the general profits of the smelter, but be assured of an extra quarterly 3 per cent. upon the price paid, as all purchased ores will be turned to cash every three months.

T. BRIGHAM BISHOP & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

141 Devonshire St., corner of Milk St.

BOSTON.

Stocks of all kinds bought, sold, or carried on margin.

ALSO

GREENFIELD TOOL CO. 1-16 SIZES.

[illegible]

feb7

NOT CE.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Penobscot and Lake Vegantic Railroad Company will be held at the office of Wilson & Woodard, in Bangor, Maine, on Tuesday, the 15th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes, viz:

To see if they will vote to accept the amendments of its charter granted by the present Legislature of Maine by an Act approved February 25th, 1881.

To hear a report of the Directors in said corporation in regard to an agreement with or a lease of the line of its railroad and property to the International Railway Company, or other similar corporation, and to act upon said report, agreement or connection or lease above named, as represented or submitted to said meeting.

To see if they will vote to change Section 1st of the by-laws in regard to calling meetings of the Stockholders.

To act upon any other business which may come before said meeting in regard to accomplishing the objects and purposes for which said corporation was created.

Per order of the Directors.

JAMES E. RAWSON, Clerk of said Corporation.

Bangor, 28th Feb., 1881. mh1

ABEL S. SWEET,

No. 12 State St.,

HOUSE PAINTER

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Glazed Windows,

AND SOLE

Agent for Johnston's Kalsomine.

With a full stock of the above and an experienced painter to superintend all work entrusted to me, I pledge to my patrons, First-Class Work, Honest Goods and Bottom Prices.

fe23

STORAGE AND TRUCKING

WAREHOUSE.

HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON COMPANY,

Jan31 Manufacturers, Bangor, Me.

Grand Concert LADIES!

BY

BAKER BAND.

The Block in which the elegant JEWELRY STORE of

DOE & MULLAN

was situated, having been so damaged by fire, Jan. 29, 1881, as to deprive them of a place of business, it has been decided to dispose of the immense Stock of

GOLD, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

SILVER WARE,

Optical & Fancy Goods, Fixtures, &c.,

—IN A—

GRAND

[illegible]

—AT—

Norombega Hall, Bangor,

APRIL 14, 1881,

by giving with EVERY TICKET some article of the Stock. Among the Presents will be:

1 Hall's No. 8 Combination safe $170 00
2 Fine Plate Glass Show cases 200 00
1 very fine Solitaire Stud; weighs over 2 karats 375 00
1 very fine Solitaire Stud; weighs over 1½ karats 200 00
1 very fine Solitaire Stud 75 00
1 very fine Cluster Ring and Stud 150 00
1 very fine Solitaire Ring and Stud; weighs about 1½ karats 150 00
1 elegant Gold Watch, 18 karat case, stem winder, Howard movement, patent regulator, adjd. chronometer bal. 200 00
1 Stuart watch, solid gold case, adjusted 200 00
1 Appleton & Tracy Watch, very fine cases and movement 175 00
1 English cap lever watch, gold cases 75 00
1 18 karat case, lady's gold watch 125 00
1 lady's gold case Swiss watch 85 00
1 " " " " " 75 00
1 " " " " " 65 00
1 " " " " " 50 00
Silver and Celluloid watches from $10 00 to 75 00
Camee sets from ..... 35 00 to 75 00
Turquoise, pearl and other sets, from 5 00 to 50 00
Pins, from ..... 1 00 to 25 00
Drops, from ..... 1 00 to 25 00
Rings, all styles, and a large line, embracing: Cameo, Pearl, Turquoise, Garnet, Agate, Onyx, Blood Stone, Band, Plain and Engraved.
Bracelets, Necklace Chains, Vest and Neck Chains, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c.
Silver Knives, Forks, Spoons, Case Goods, Fancy Goods, Vases, Cake and Fruit Baskets, Berry and Bake Dishes, Card Receivers, Ice Pitchers, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Castors, Pickle Jars, Napkin Rings, &c., &c.
French and American Clocks from $2.50 to $75 00 each, and a large stock of them.

The above is but a partial list; but we think enough is show the line offered to be a desirable one. Address for further particulars,

N. PARKER DOE,

LEWIS BLOCK, Main Street, Bangor, Me.

Tickets at $1.00 each may be had at the store, and D. Bugbee & Co.

feb19 taw 6w

OIL VITRIOL,

MURIATIC AND NITRIC ACIDS,

Glauber's Salt and other Chemicals

MANUFACTURED BY

MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO.,

Office 73 Kilby St., Boston.

Also for sale, Aqua Ammonia, Blue Vitriol, Acetic Acids, etc. eW&S3m

nov16

THE CASTINE BRICK COMPANY

Offer for sale their Brick Yard, nine acres in extent, containing a large bed of excellent clay, with wharf in front, and convenient sand and water privileges. Also, their sheds, machines and other movable property, and the franchise of the Company. Apply to

GEORGE H. WITHERLE, Secretary.

Castine, Maine. feb2 TuAF tf

Maine Mining Stocks

WANTED.

We have orders for all the following stocks. Those wishing to realize may effect a speedy sale by sending us their lowest prices:—

Blue Hill, Douglass, Stewart, Twin Lead, Young Hecla, Favorite, Cherryfield, Gouldsboro', Deer Isle.

Reliable information from the mines. Correspondence solicited.

F. M. WILLIAMS & CO.,

22 Water Street, Boston, Mass.

Members of the Boston Mining and Stock Exchange. jan18 tf

[illegible]

—AND—

Panels of all Sizes

and any color for hand painting furnished to order.

BANGOR MARBLEIZING COMP'Y.

HENRY McLAUGHLIN

FRONT STREET, BANGOR.

jan8

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, February Term, A. D. 1881.

Anna C. Comins, named executrix in a certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of George S. Comins, late of Corinth, in said county, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published once a week three weeks successively in The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed, as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased.

ELLIOT WALKER, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

Edward L. Stewart. JOHN F. ROBINSON Register.

Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad COMPANY.

The Stockholders of the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said Company will be held in the Common Council Room, City Hall Building, in Bangor, on WEDNESDAY, March 16th next, at 10½ A. M., for the following purposes:

1st—To hear and act upon the reports of the officers of the Company.

2d—To choose a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

3d—To see what measures, if any, they will take to complete the road to Moosehead Lake.

4th—To see what measures, if any, they will take to procure the funds for said completion.

5th—To act upon any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

H. W. BLOOD, Clerk.

Bangor, February 28th, 1881.

mh1 d&w

NOTICE.

To the creditors of the Evans Rifle Manufacturing Company, a corporation established by the laws of the State of Maine and having its place of business at Poland, in the County of Androscoggin; parties of the fourth part in a certain deed of trust, dated December 2nd, A. D. 1879, and recorded in Androscoggin County Registry of Deeds, Book 103, Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8. The undersigned, trustees, under the deed of trust above mentioned, deeming it for the best interest of all concerned that the property, rights and credits conveyed to them by said deed should be sold, hereby give notice that on the eleventh day of March, A. D. 1881, pursuant to the fourth specification in said deed of trust, they will sell at public or private sale at the factory formerly occupied by said company, at Mechanic Falls, Maine, all and singular the stock, machinery, tools, materials and fixtures of said corporation, all its notes and book-accounts, all Letters Patent of the United States and all Foreign Patents, and all rights thereto, and all contracts in relation to the same or in relation to any inventions or discoveries not yet patented, and all other personal property, chattels, rights and credits of every name, kind and nature whatsoever belonging to said Evans Rifle Manufacturing Company in and about its manufactory, at said Poland. Also all the capital stock of said Evans Rifle Manufacturing Company, saving and reserving one share owned by Adna L. Benson, Adna T. Benson, Calvin M. Cram and Lizzie A. O'Brien. Any portion of said property not disposed of on said day, will be sold by said trustees on subsequent days at public or private sale, pursuant to the powers vested in us under said deed of trust. Said property consists in part of valuable machinery of all descriptions used in manufacturing rifles, all in first-class condition and but little used. Terms, cash on delivery or its equivalent. Schedules of the property will be furnished upon application to George C. Wing at Auburn, Maine.

Dated this twenty-third day of February, A. D. 1881.

JESSE DAVIS, GEORGE C. WING, JOSIAH A. BUCKNAM, } Trustees.

mh1

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company, will be holden at the office of Charles D. Bryant, in Exchange Block, in Bangor, on Tuesday, March 8th, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing officers to said corporation for the ensuing season, and to transact any other business legally coming before said meeting. The Directors who are to be chosen at the above meeting, will in the afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, in same office, receive bids for driving from each point where logs come into the Mattawamkeag River, all logs intending to be driven this season; for all logs in first drives, *in first bids*, and the second bids to include all the balance of logs, although there may be more than two drives made, and they are to be driven clean from the rear of jam in Gellison Boom, from each Point into the main boom below the foot of Hemlock Island on the Penobscot River at Argyle. The Directors reserve the right to accept or reject any or all bids. Satisfactory bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

C. D. BRYANT, Clerk.

Bangor, February 19, 1881.

feb21 td

Notice.

The Bangor Boom Company will hold their annual meeting, at the office of Hodgkins, Hall & Foster, on MONDAY, March 7th, at 2½ o'clock P. M., for choice of officers and other business.

Per Order,

J. W. PALMER, H. B. FOSTER, G. G. STERNS, } Directors.

H. B. FOSTER, Clerk.

Bangor, Me., Feb. 10, 1881.

feb21

[illegible]

—HAS—

Removed His Stock

—OF—

Hair Goods

—TO—

No. 4 State Street,

Where he will be pleased to meet his friends until the repairs on his former place of business are completed. feb1

Vernon Hall.

[illegible]

JUST RECEIVED,

AT—

CHAS. DWINELLS,

Kenduskeag Bridge.

feb

Real Estate.

For Sale or Rent.

The very desirable brick residence situated on First street, now occupied by Stephen Jennings, Esq.

This property is exceedingly desirable on account of its excellent location. It is fitted with modern conveniences and in good repair.

A good and convenient Stable in connection therewith.

It may be purchased at a bargain, or leased at a reasonable rate for a term of years.

ALSO,

Same as above, the Brick Store No. 120 Main street, now occupied by I. S. Johnson & Co. Suitable for manufacturing or other purposes with a pleasant and commodious office.

ALSO,

FOR SALE.

The very desirable residence No. 25 Fourth street, owned and occupied by I. S. Johnson.

For particulars apply to

CHAS. S. PEARL, No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.

mh4

FARM FOR SALE.

In Passadumkeag the Hayward farm consisting of good buildings, 150 acres of land, usually cuts at least 20 tons of Hay. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to

J. P. WEBBER, 74 Exchange street.

1m* feb24

For Sale or Rent.

House No. 54 Hammond St., owned by Mrs. L. H. Eaton, and recently occupied by Rev. Mr. Stewart. The house is large, well built, in good condition, supplied with furnace, gas, and Holly water; can be rented to one or two families, and for convenience as to location, it cannot be surpassed in the city. Terms moderate. Apply on the premises.

mar2 eod 1w

For Sale.

House and grounds, 40 Jefferson Street, Bangor. Possession, May 1st.

feb15 1m* D. W. POTTER.

For Rent.

House No. 11, Newbury St. Formerly occupied by N. H. Colton, and recently by Mr. Boultbee.

H. M. PRENTISS, 104 Exchange St.

jan13 tf

For Sale or Rent.

House with 7 rooms with Holly water. Enquire at 34 Charles Street or 76 Main St.

L. J. WHEELDEN.

jan7

Tannery for Rent.

Owing to the death of the late proprietor, the well known Tannery situated in Houlton Village will be let for a term of five years or more. It is located one-half mile from Railroad Depot; contains 12 tan vats, 2 limes, 2 Bates and water pit, 2 junks strong and weak liquor, steam boiler for heating liquors; Water Power, sufficient for the business, together with all Tools required for Tanning and Currying.

For particulars apply to

Mrs. S. E. MULHERRIN,

Administratrix,

HOULTON, MAINE.

feb8

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR LEASE.

A half tide saw mill and one and one-half acres of land; a good road to it. It is situated on the stream that empties into the Penobscot River, at Mill Creek, South Orrington. It is considered one of the best privileges on the river, of the kind. The property has fallen into hands that are not mill men, and would like to sell or lease it. It could be converted into a cedar or woolen factory. Vessels drawing ten feet of water can come within one hundred feet of the mill. For further particulars inquire of J. D. Baker.

JOHN A. RYDER.

So. Orrington, Feb. 15th, 1881. feb18 1m

PROBABLY

DRUNKEN

Property Holders

Perceive

That notwithstanding Our Holly System and the Heroic efforts of our Firemen—the

FLAMES

FINALLY

FINISH

THE

SAME

DWELLINGS

AND

SADLY

BURN

BRICK

BUILDINGS,

And that their only safety lies in

WENDING THEIR WAY at once to

WIGGIN, SMALL & WILLIAMS,

No. 12

West Market Square Bangor,

where Insurance can be obtained in the best Companies at reasonable rates.

feb 17

[illegible]

Ladies' Goat and Calf Button Boots, width B. Sizes 5, 5 1-2, 6. Goat Button, width C. Sizes 2 1-2 3 and same C 1-2. Sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, 6. $2.00. Calf Button, C and C 1-2. Sizes 5, 5 1-2, 6, $2.50, regular price $3.00, and $3.50.

Ladies' Nice Serge Button Boots, widths A, B, C, sizes, 2 1-2 to 6, at $1.50, former price 3.00 to $4.00.

Ladies' Kid Fox Button Boots, widths B, C, C 1-2, sizes 2 1-2, 5 1-2, 6, at $1.50, former price $3.00.

Ladies' Serge and Fox Lace Boots, width C, C 1-2, sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 at $1.00.

Ladies' Nice D. S. Kid Button Boots, width C, C 1-2, sizes 4, 5, 6 C, 2 1-2, 3, C 1-2. S. S. B No. 6, $2.00, regular price $3.50.

Ladies' S. S. Serge Congress, width B, sizes 6, only 50c, former price $2 50.

Ladies' French Kid Slippers, widths B, C, sizes 1, 1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, at $1 00, former price $1 50 to $2 50.

Miss Nice S. S. Serge Button Boots, width B, C, C 1-2, sizes 12 to 1 1-2, 75c, former price $2 50.

Ladies' Nice Kid and Goat Side Lace Boots, sizes 3 to 6 B, 5 1-2 and 6 C, Only $2.00 worth $3.50.

The above goods are all FIRST CLASS, but a little soiled. Please examine them and satisfy yourself.

In connection with the above, we have a nice stock of all the BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET, for Gents', Ladies', Misses, and Children.

SPRING STYLE STIFF AND SOFT HATS, JUST RECEIVED.

F. A. CURTIS,

2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

feb22

[illegible]

BY USING

Schlotterbeck's

CORN, WART AND BUNION

SOLVENT.

Removes Corns, Bunions, Callous and Warts.

Entirely harmless. It is not a caustic. It dries instantly and will not soil anything.

Price 25c a Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

PREPARED BY

A. G. SCHLOTTERBECK,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

feb17

FILES! - - - FILES!

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up

and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES

And am finishing off 150 dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices.

And will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.

Old Files Re-cut as usual.

JOB COLLETT - - - Exchange St.

Bangor Daily Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1854—Weekly, 1858.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion $1 00
For one square, two insertions 1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily 1 50
For one square, one week 2 00
Each week's continuance 75
For half-square, one time 75
For half-square, three times 1 00
For half-square, one week 1 25
Each week's continuance 40
For one square, in Weekly, three times 1 00
Each week's continuance 25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one-half price; *one time a week*, one-third price.

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

NEWS AND OTHER ITEMS.

Last year seventy patents were issued to women in this country.

It is said that the extremely cold winter has frozen up the potato bugs.

Chicago is soon to have another grain elevator of 1,000,000 bushels capacity.

Three million tons of ice are stored at different points along the Hudson river.

A mixture of bone dust and ashes is said to be the best fertilizer for strawberries.

The foreign grain market continues firm, with noted improvement in some directions.

It is estimated that the losses on cattle in the Great Western Range, Kansas, will aggregate 500,000 head.

It is estimated by Treasury officials that the reduction of the public debt for February was about $10,000,000.

It is said that oat straw and clover hay will make as good growth in young animals as the best of English hay.

New York city has a police force of 3579 men, of which number 1709 are available for night and 1885 for day duty.

During the last two months 2,582,097 gallons of petroleum have been shipped from Philadelphia to foreign ports.

The saw-mills in the northern sections of the New England and Middle States are preparing for an unusually busy season.

The prospectus of the World's Fair estimates that 2,500,000 visitors will be attracted to New York, and that they will spend $15 each.

Over 100,000 barrels of apples have been shipped from Annapolis, N. S., the past season, 30 per cent. going to London and other foreign markets.

The New York City Mission has expended over $6000 in the month of February for charitable purposes. Its receipts have been upwards of $5000.

Several prominent physicians of Chicago are of the opinion that the Winter cholera, which has been so prevalent in that city the past season, was attributable to the use of butterine.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor has provided homes in the West for 100 more of the poor children of New York, making 813 in all for whom she has thus cared, at an expense of about $12,000.

A surgeon at Cleveland, Ohio, has for a sum of money induced two men to allow him to amputate a little finger of each and transfer it to the hand of the other. He says there is thus far a good prospect that the transposed fingers will live.

The scare about trichinæ in American pork has extended to most parts of England, and in the country districts paragraphs appear in the local papers setting forth the danger of eating any pork from the United States.

A ton of Indian meal has a manurial value of only six and a half dollars, after being fed to stock. The manure resulting from feeding a ton of cotton-seed meal is worth as much as it costs, hence it will pay to sell corn and buy cotton-seed meal to feed to stock.

The leaves of southernwood, like those of all other plants having highly-scented leaves, will be found, if held up to the light, to be full of transparent dots. These are the cells containing the fragrant oil which gives out the perfume. By bruising the leaves these become broken and the scent stronger.

The census returns of 1880 show that great and remarkable increase of the colored population of the South has taken place. There are now 5,643,891 colored people in fifteen Southern States, and 933,260 only in the rest of the United States. The colored race are here to stay and their relative increase is far more than that of the white population.

At this period of the year, more particularly than at any other time, the obstacles that have to be contended against in keeping well are many and serious. Fog, cold, damp and wind all combine to work their worst on the constitution and the mind of the healthy and invalided alike. Hence it is that the utmost determination will alone avail at times to free one from the presence and consequences of what are by common consent termed "the blues." "The blues" is not by any means a disease, but it is a symptom, and an important symptom, of general unfitness that is deserving of careful attention. Neither can it be regarded as due to a single disturbing element; it is rather a compound sign of complicated disagreements calling for equally associated remedies. The digestive organs have a good deal to say in the causation of "the blues," and they ought to receive more than ordinary attention at those times when the atmospheric conditions unite to influence susceptible temperament. The nervous system, so readily reacts to digestive disturbances that too much attention can hardly be directed to them, especially when, as lately has probably occurred, an undue tax on their power has been imposed. General recognition of the fact that "the blues" is a sign of some disturbance in the system, and that their dissipation will assuredly follow on the correction of the altered condition, will do much to remove one of the most distressing of the troubles incident to civilization and overfeeding.—*Medical Press.*

"Mr. O'Flaherty," said the recorder, "why did you strike Mr. Murphy?" "Because Murphy would not give me a civil answer to a civil question, yer honor."

"What was the civil question you asked him?" "I asked him as polite as you please, Murphy, ain't your own brother the biggest thief on Galveston Island, excepting yourself and your uncle, who is absent at the penitentiary in Huntsville?" "And what rude answer did he give to such a very civil question?" "He said to me: 'Ave course, prisint company always accepted;' so I said, 'Murphy, you are another,' and sthruck him wid me fist."—*Galveston News.*

CAN'T DO WITHOUT IT. The following correspondence over the telephone wires yesterday is a further proof of the fact that no one but a bald-headed man could do without one:

"Hello! central!"

"Hello!"

"Connect me with the signal bureau!"

"All right—go ahead."

"Hello! signal!"

"Hello!"

"Is it going to thaw to-day?"

"Yes, there are indications."

"How's the wind?"

"Getting around to the south."

"Do you think I can safely have my hair cut?"

"Wait a minute until I consult the barometer, thermometer and wind gauge."

(Silence for half a minute.)

"Hello!"

"Hello!"

"Yes, you can go ahead: There won't be any change to speak of for the next twelve hours. There is a cold wave moving up the Ohio Valley, and a snow storm is reported at Cheyenne; but if I were you I'd take my chances on the hair-cutting and get my neck shaved to boot."

"All right—much obliged."

"Good-by.—*Detroit Free Press.*

BANGOR MARKET.

SATURDAY, March 5, 1881.

FLOUR. Fair to good, $5.25 @ $5.50 St. Louis $6.50 best patent brands from $6.25 to $6.50 per bbl.

CORN. 65 to 67 cents per bushel.

MEAL. Corn meal 62 to 63 cents per bushel.

FINE FEED. Fine middlings are worth from $1.52 to $1.55, bran from $1.30 to $1.35 per hundred lbs.

OATS are selling from the stores at 50 to 52 cts. per bushel.

SALT. Coarse salt 45 to 50 cents per bushel; Bangor butter salt, (50 pound boxes) $15 to $18 per hundred; English butter salt, in sacks, 56 lbs, 75 cents per sack.

LIME 80 to 85 cents per cask (gross weight 225 lbs.)

CEMENT $1.50 per bbl. (gross weight 325 lbs.)

PORK, $19.50 to $20.50 per bbl.

LARD 10 to 11 cents per pound, according to the quality and size of packages.

HAMS from the stores, 12½ cents per pound.

SUGAR. Granulated, 9¾ cents, extra C, 10 cents per lb.

CHEESE. Home factory cheese, from the stores at wholesale, at 12 cents per pound.

ONIONS. $5.00 per bbl.

VINEGAR. Cider vinegar 18 to 20 cents, white wine 25 cents per gallon.

Miscellaneous.

RAISINS. New Dehesa Layers, 25 @ 30c ⅌ lb; London do, 18@20; Sultana (seedless), 15; Crown Muscatels, 15; 3 crown do, 13; old 3 crown do, 10; new Valencias, 12c. ⅌ lb.

CRANBERRIES, 8 cts. ⅌ qt., 50 cts. ⅌ peck.

CITRON. New Citron 25 cts. ⅌ lb.

CURRANTS. New English Currants, 10 cts., old do: 8 cts. ⅌ lb.

ORANGES, 25 @ 50 cts. ⅌ doz.

LEMONS, 25 cts. ⅌ doz.

GRAPES. White Malaga Grapes, 20 cts. ⅌ lb.

Produce Market.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bogshead of salt shall contain eight bushels The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 60 pounds; of potatoes, wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 36 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

MAINE APPLES. $1.00 to $1.05 and $2.00.

WESTERN APPLES. $2.00 to $2.50 per bbl.

BEANS. Yellow eyes, $1.90 to $2.00, pea beans, $1.75 to $2.00 per bushel.

BUTTER. 25 to 28 cents per pound.

BARLEY, 60 cents per bushel.

DRIED APPLES, 5 to 5½ cents per pound.

EGGS, 18 cents per dozen.

FRESH MEATS. Round hogs 8 to 8½ cts., and Fresh Beef by the side 4 to 8 cts. per pound. Mutton 6 to 8 cts. Lambs 7 to 9 cts. per pound.

HAY. Loose hay, $18 to $17, and pressed, from $12 to $18 per ton.

HONEY, in small boxes, 15 to 20 cents per pound, bulk, 10 to 15 cents.

OATS are selling in the streets at 50 to 52 cts. per bushel.

POTATOES. New Early Rose 55. White, 40 to 42 cents per bushel.

POULTRY. Chickens 14 to 15 cents. Turkeys, 9 to 18.

STRAW $6 to $7 per ton.

WOOD AND COAL. Dry hard wood from $6.50 to $7.00 per cord; soft wood, including Juniper or Hackmetack, from $5.00 to $5.50. Coal for kitchen and furnace use is now sold and delivered at $7.00 per ton.

WOOL, &c. Unwashed wool sells at 28 cents, and washed do. 38 cents per pound. Wool skins sell at 90c to $1.75 each. Hides 6¾ cents, and veal skins 50c to $1.00. Rough tallow 3 cents, and tried do. 4½ cents per pound.

HAMS & LARD.

We are now prepared to show these celebrated Silks, which are advertised so extensively by McCreery & Co. They are direct from their house and will be sold at the same prices as they are sold in New York.

[illegible]

feb26

[illegible]DOGS!

Their Diseases, Treatment, Hints on Management, Breeding, &c., all for fifteen cents.

ALSO,

A Supply of Superior

Dog Medicines,

Prepared with great care, and will be found safe and efficacious Remedies for all the ordinary ailments of Dogs and Puppies.

[illegible] S. [illegible]

4 SMITH BLOCK.

feb10

THE CELEBRATED

KENNEBEC

River Drivers' Calks.

RICE & SKINNER,

Sole Agents for Eastern Maine.

feb10

SAVE MONEY!

And get satisfaction by bringing your Jewelry work to

GEO. B. WIGGIN,

21 Main Street.

one flight. may28

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1881.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES.

The Republican voters of the City of Bangor are hereby invited to meet at

CITY HALL,

Thursday Evening, March 10, 1881,

at 7 30 o'clock,

to nominate a candidate for MAYOR.

They are also invited to meet at the polling places in the various Wards on SATURDAY EVENING, March 12th, at 7 30 o'clock, to nominate candidates for Aldermen, Common Council men and Ward Officers, to be voted for at the Municipal election, March 14th, 1881.

By order of the Republican City Committee.

G. A. DAVENPORT, Chairman.

March 7, 1881.

THE NEW CABINET.

The self-imposed labors of the army of imaginative correspondents who have furnished the daily press with columns upon columns of gossip and guesses concerning the composition of President Garfield's Cabinet, were relieved on Saturday afternoon by a brief message from the President to the special session of the Senate announcing his choice of the members of the new Administration as follows:

JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine, Secretary of State.

WILLIAM WINDOM, of Minnesota, Secretary of the Treasury.

SAMUEL J. KIRKWOOD, of Iowa, Secretary of the Interior.

ROBERT T. LINCOLN, of Illinois, Secretary of War.

THOMAS L. JAMES, of New York, Postmaster-General.

WAYNE MCVEAGH, of Pennsylvania, Attorney-General.

WILLIAM H. HUNT, of Louisiana, Secretary of the Navy.

In placing Senator Blaine at the head of his Cabinet President Garfield has made a selection of preeminent fitness, and is exceedingly fortunate that the most brilliant and popular Republican statesman consents to lend the prestige of his fame and genius to the new Administration. From the first suggestion of Mr. Blaine's name in connection with the chief place in the Garfield Cabinet, the peculiar fitness and desirability of such an appointment were unusually and enthusiastically recognized by the leading press of all shades of political opinion, and it is safe to say that in no other way could President Garfield have so strengthened the bonds of sympathy between himself and the Republican party as by calling to the chief seat at his council board the recognized 'leader of leaders.' Any biographical details in the case of our distinguished statesman, would be superfluous in these columns, as his splendid talents and glorious political record are the pride of hosts of admirers in all sections of the country.

Hon. William Windom, now Senator from Minnesota was born in Ohio, May 10th, 1827, and received an academic education. He became a lawyer and removed to Minnesota in 1855, where he practiced his profession. He was elected a Republican Representative to the 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th and 40th Congresses, and in 1870 was appointed by the Governor to fill out the unexpired term in the U. S. Senate, of Hon. Daniel S. Norton, deceased. He has been since re-elected and his term would expire March 3, 1883. Senator Windom is a man of recognized ability, is an earnest and stalwart Republican, and has been particularly sound and strong in his championship of the supremacy of the Nation and the duty of extending to every loyal citizen the equal protection of the laws. The opposition press will doubtless make haste to remind the public that Senator Windom—like Morton and many other Western men—fell in with some of the vagaries of his section on the currency question, voting in 1874 in favor of the inflation bill that was killed by President Grant's veto, and in 1878 voting to pass the 412½ grains silver dollar bill over the veto of President Hayes. Senator Windom, however, voted against the Stanley Matthews silver resolutions, and we believe he has since taken stronger ground on the currency questions. At any rate under General Garfield, we may be sure that only the soundest policy will govern the Treasury Department. Senator Windom has given much study to the resources of the country and questions of commerce and transportation, and in the present Senate is the senior Republican member of the Committee on Appropriations. At the Chicago Convention the ten votes of Minnesota were cast for Mr. Windom up to the 28th ballot.

Hon. Samuel J. Kirkwood, of Iowa, was born in Maryland, Dec. 20, 1813, and received an academic education. He removed to Richland county, Ohio, in 1835, and studied law there; was elected Prosecuting Attorney in 1845 and 1847; and in 1850-51 was a member of the Convention that formed the present Ohio Constitution. In 1855 he removed to Iowa, where he was elected to the State Senate in 1856 and elected Governor in 1859 and again in 1861. In 1863 he was nominated by President Lincoln and confirmed as Minister to Denmark, but declined. In 1866 he was elected to the U. S. Senate to fill the unexpired term of Hon. James Harlan; in 1875 was again elected Governor, and in 1876 was elected to the U. S. Senate to succeed Hon. George G. Wright. Senator Kirkwood is one of the loyal "War Governors" and a staunch and sturdy advocate of Republican principles. His selection as Secretary of the Interior will give general satisfaction, and he will prove an experienced adviser at the council board. Of Robert T. Lincoln, Esq., we only know that he is the eldest and only living son of Abraham Lincoln, and as he has never acquired any special distinction we presume his appointment is principally due to his relationship. We do not find his age recorded in any of the biographies of his father, but should suppose him to be about 35 or 36 years old. He graduated from Harvard College in 1864 and afterwards studied and practiced law in Chicago, where he has married and been successful in his profession. He was brought somewhat prominently forward last year, as was also the son of Stephen A. Douglas, at Grant meetings held in Chicago, and was a Grant delegate at the National Convention. The newspaper gossip has it that his appointment has been pressed by Gen. Grant and Senator Logan. We understand that he is a young man of good abilities and excellent character, though he necessarily lacks that public experience and ripened judgment that are so specially required in a Cabinet officer.

Hon. Thomas L. James has been for some years the best and most popular Postmaster who has ever held the office in New York city. His success as an organizer of mail service and his remarkable executive ability have caused quite a general recommendation of his appointment as Postmaster General. His selection will be cordially approved and he will undoubtedly prove one of the most energetic and successful of the distinguished managers of our postal department. Mr. James is a gentleman of fine presence and pleasing manners, and is highly esteemed by all who know him. While his appointment is said to be quite acceptable to Senator Conkling, he is personally a warm friend of Senator Blaine to whom he will prove an agreeable colleague.

To our stalwart notions the appointment of Wayne McVeagh, of Pennsylvania, as Attorney-General, is the fly in the ointment. As the chief of the Louisiana Commission he is identified with the most scandalous feature of the Conciliation Policy of President Hayes; and at a time when we hope for the strong sympathy of the National Government in behalf of the prescribed and throttled loyal citizenship of the South, we can but grieve that the head of the Department of Justice is to be one who helped the White League to overthrow the government of the majority in Louisiana, and who is thoroughly committed to the doctrine that South of Mason and Dixon's Line the "intelligence and wealth" should rule in spite of all the guarantees of equal rights. Mr. McVeagh is a son-in-law of Simon Cameron and brother-in-law of Senator Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, but has been politically classed as an independent and opponent of the Cameron ring. It is probable, however, that he would not have been appointed in the Cabinet if distasteful to the strong Cameron influence, and we imagine that they will get along pleasantly together. Mr. McVeagh was never one of our favorites and he will have to improve on his political record before he can reach our ideal of a Cabinet officer.

Hon. William H. Hunt, is a native of South Carolina but moved to Louisiana when a boy. He was an old Whig before the war and was a staunch Union man during the rebellion. He was Gov. Kellogg's lawyer in his contest with McEnery in the celebrated Durell case, and in 1876 was elected as the Republican candidate for Attorney-General on the ticket with Governor Packard. After the overturn in 1877, in which the Louisiana Commission took such a conspicuous part, it is a queer coincidence that brings ex-Attorney-General Hunt, of Louisiana, into Cabinet colleagueship with ex Commissioner McVeagh as U. S. Attorney-General. A few years ago President Hayes appointed Mr. Hunt a Judge of the Court of Claims, which office he held when called to the Cabinet. He comes of good family and is said to command the respect of the people of the South in a remarkable degree. He has a fine reputation as a lawyer and we trust he will prove his administrative ability at the head of the Navy Department.

Of the Cabinet as a whole we may say that no Administration that contained Garfield and Blaine could fail to be a strong one; and with due allowance for the shade of disappointment that may be caused by some of the selections, there is staunch timber among the others with which the President and Secretary Blaine can build a grand and admirable executive government. If the two loom giant-like amid their associates it may well be said that it would be hard to place them in companionship where they would not tower as conspicuously. With their two great hearts and grand intellects dominating, the Administration of 1881 1885 has the strongest assurance of a brilliant and glorious success.

THE REBEL-SYMPATHIZING DEMOCRACY IN 1864.

A few days ago we printed an extract from a letter written by ex-President Frank Pierce to Jefferson Davis, in 1860, assuring him that in case of war the Democrats of the North would take up arms in behalf of the seceding South. We have just read an even more interesting evidence of Democratic disloyalty, in the form of a letter written from St. Catherines, Canada, Aug. 11, 1864, by C. C. Clay, jr., to Judah P. Benjamin, Confederate Secretary of War. At that time Clay, J. P. Holcombe and Jacob Thompson were on the Canada side purporting to be authorized by the Confederate Government to negotiate for peace, and it will be remembered that Horace Greeley had a conference with them. The real purpose of the presence of these men in Canada, as is now fully shown by their own correspondence, was two fold—to aid the Democratic party in the North by making it appear that Mr. Lincoln was determined not to offer any terms to the South except complete submission and acquiescence in emancipation, and to stir up insurrectionary movements in the North, organize treasonable societies, bribe politicians, brutalize newspapers, and hire miscreants to burn cities and destroy railroads. For this purpose they were supplied with a large sum of money. This letter from Clay, which has been found among the Confederate archives, was written after Mr. Greeley's visit and is principally interesting now as evidence of the encouragement given to the rebels by the Northern Democracy with whom Clay, Holcombe and Thompson held extensive correspondence. The letter shows conclusively that even as late as August, 1864, the Southern leaders had no desire for peace save on the basis of separation, and that their attitude in face of the then plainly desperate condition of the Confederate cause was owing to the hope they had that the Democrats of the North would either triumph at the polls in the approaching Presidential election, or failing there would take up arms in aid of the rebellion. We give the following extract:

If I am not deceived, the elements of convulsion and revolution existing in the North have been greatly agitated by the *pronunciamento* of the Autocrat of the White House. Not only Democrats but Republicans are protesting against a draft to swell an army to fight to free negroes, and are declaring more boldly for States' rights and the Union as it was. Many say the draft cannot and shall not be enforced. The Democracy are beginning to learn that they must endure persecution, outrage and tyranny at the hands of the Republicans, just as soon as they can bring back their armed legions from the South. They read their own fate in that of the people of Kentucky, Missouri and Maryland. They are beginning to lean more on the side of our people as their natural allies and as the champions of States' rights and of popular liberty. Many of them would gladly lock arms with our soldiers in crushing their common enemy, the Abolitionists. Many of them would fall into our lines if our armies occupied any States north of the Ohio for a month, or even for a week. Many of them are looking to the time when they must flee their country or fight for their inalienable rights. They are preparing for the latter alternative.

The instructions of the Secretary of War to us and the officer detailed for special service have not been neglected. We have been arranging for the indispensable cooperation. It is promised and we hope will soon be furnished; then we will act. We have been disappointed and delayed by causes which I cannot now explain. I fondly trust that our efforts will not be defeated or hindered by unwise or intemperate declarations of public opinion, by newspaper editors, or others who are regarded as its exponents. We have a difficult role to play, and must be judged with charity until heard in our own defence.

PLAISTED'S PETTIFOGGING.

A correspondent writing from Augusta presents in a clear light the contemptible pettifogging to which Plaisted has devoted himself from the moment of his assumption of the office of Governor. Diligent inquiries fail to elicit evidence that he has in any way upon any occasion manifested the slightest interest in any of the important affairs of the State, or that he has manifested as Governor a consciousness of the existence of any interests of the State for which he should have concern, the only acts by which he has made himself known having been his persistent pettifogging attempts to assume a dictatorship over the minor State offices.

The latest illustration of the cheap methods resorted to by this Governor in his trifling with the Executive Council, is the batch of nominations sent in Friday which included the name of ex-Governor Dingley, for Trustee of the Insane Hospital in place of J. H. Manley, Esq., of Augusta, who is honored by the spite of the political renegate at the State House. In this case he had the impertinence to use the name of a prominent Republican without any authority and the Lewiston *Journal* immediately repudiated the performance, as follows:

Among the nominations made by Gov. Plaisted on Friday, was that of ex-Gov. Dingley of Lewiston, for Trustee of the Insane Hospital in place of J. H Manley, Esq., of Augusta, removed. Mr. Dingley, on receiving notice of the nomination, respectfully declined to allow the use of his name in this connection.

We trust the Council will continue steadfastly to refuse to be bulldozed or permit the pettifogger who has been thrust upon us as Governor to manipulate the offices of the State as his personal perquisites.

GOVERNOR PLAISTED'S PERFORMANCES.

HIS ATTEMPT TO BE A 'BIGGER MAN' THAN THE STATE OF MAINE.

AUGUSTA, March 5, 1881.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier

The remarkable performances of our Fusion Governor in relation to official appointments and removals are naturally attracting considerable attention here and throughout the State, as the spectacle of a Chief Magistrate devoting all his time and effort to attempts to turn out officers at will and to fill them simply to suit himself, regardless of and with contempt for all other authority, is as entirely novel as it is humiliating. As some of the Governor's "dark ways" and "vain tricks" leave the "Heathen Chinee" entirely in the shade, I would like to show up a few of them to your readers.

It has been announced in the papers that the Executive Council has again declined to aid the Governor in his attempt to sweep out all the Republicans holding office in the State. How many more times will he try it?

In the two months he has been playing Governor he has nominated about 200 men to office. The Council has promptly confirmed every nomination where it was made to fill a vacancy except in the case of Smith, Fish Commissioner, last Wednesday. Notwithstanding all the Fusion papers have had to say about it, no factious opposition has been made by the Council. The half dozen or so of rejections have all been where the Governor has attempted removals of men whose terms have not expired, and in those cases the Governor has shown a disposition to unnecessarily embarrass his Council.

Why not content himself with a single rejection of a single man? He has nominated Mr. Cushing of Camden, three times for the same office; first in place of Col. Osgood, as Inspector to the State Prison, and the Council rejected him. He then turned around and nominated him for the same office in place of Col. Porter, and the Council again rejected him and he has the third time nominated him, now in the place of D. G. Bean, removed. Why the second and third nominations? So with Mr. Smith, Fish Commissioner. He at first nominated him to take the place of Mr. Stanley, at the same time he nominated Mr. Stillwell as his own successor, his term then about expiring. The two came up for action on the same day. The nomination of Smith came first. Upon the Council's rejecting that nomination, the Governor instantly withdrew the nomination of Mr. Stillwell, leaving his vacancy unfilled.

On the same night he reversed the order and nominated Mr. Smith for the Stillwell vacancy, and Mr. Stillwell in place of Stanley. These nominations came before the Council. They had once rejected Mr. Smith. What object had the Governor in putting him in nomination again? Could he have expected confirmation? Why put Mr. Stillwell in nomination again? If suitable for Stanley's place, was he not fit for a reappointment to his own place the vacant? What are these tricks for? Why this changing of fronts from week to week? To trap the Council? To place them in a false position? To get a chance to cram the papers with complaints over pretended opposition to him, that he himself has invited and rendered unavoidable? In the Stillwell case there is no justification of the Governor's course. He had once withdrawn his name. Afterwards Mr. Stillwell is understood to have told the Governor in person, that he would like to be his own successor, but that he should not take the place if it involved Mr. Stanley's removal, and requested him not to nominate him in that way. The Governor nominated him against this protest, and knowing he would not accept, if confirmed, in place of his friend Mr. Stanley. Mr. Stillwell had so informed the Council before their last action, that he should instantly resign if appointed in place of Mr. Stanley, and yet the Governor forced action upon his Council and placed them in the position before the public of seeming to strike down one of the best Fish Commissioners in this whole country. It is believed that the Council would have instantly confirmed his nomination to be his own successor and would most gladly do so now. That would not suit the Governor's purpose, and so he played this little game, hardly worthy a ward striker in politics. And the *Globe* of the 4th inst. informs me that he has nominated Mr. Smith the third time as Fish Commissioner, this time to fill the vacancy of Stillwell, whose term has expired.

This may be amusement for a Governor, and about as consistent as was his course in the Messenger case, ignorantly or maliciously endeavoring to raise the position of an employe to the dignity of a civil office, and then nominating an ineligible person, a *minor*, his own son, to the position, and sought to have the Council confirm the nomination.

Again, take the office of the Reporter of Decisions. He is the officer of the Supreme Court, appointed by the Governor and Council, and to hold office during the pleasure of the *Executive*. Claiming to be *sole* Executive he nominated Mr. Hastings to take the place of Col. Spaulding, writing the word "removed" after his name on the nomination book, and claimed, *that was removal*. It is understood that he has never notified Mr. Spaulding in any way of his removal, but has insisted that the writing of that word "removal" on the nomination book was an act the public were bound to take notice of. Mr. Spaulding learning of this, addressed a courteous note to the Governor, asking him for information, whether the Governor considered him as in office or out. His Excellency has never even condescended to reply. The Council last Wednesday rejected the nomination of Mr. Hastings, and now who knows whether the Courts have a Reporter of Decisions or not?

The Governor's newspaper organs claim and defend his power of removal alone without the concurrent action of the Council. He announces through the papers that the office is vacant. When asked by the party most interested—Col. S. himself—to say he is removed somehow, in writing, the brave Governor dodges the question.

"He wires in and wires out,
And leaves the matter still in doubt."

But our Governor of course knows his own mind in that dignified circus performance. Although as ring master in the case of the Messenger to the Governor and Council, he cracked his whip at the wrong time, we must not too hastily conclude that he will commit that blunder again. But it will be well for him to remember that in such performances the whip is not often clumsily snapped by the Master of Ceremonies. It is the whip in the clown's hands that causes the commotion and amuses the spectators.

KENNEBEC.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY APPORTIONMENT.

The following is the plan of apportionment of Penobscot County for sixteen Representatives as presented by Representative Lord, of this city, and adopted by the Legislative Apportionment Committee for submission to the Legislature.

Dexter and Corinna. Population 4,060.

Newport, Plymouth, Etna and Dixmont. Population 4,806.

Stetson, Levant, Carmel and Newburgh. Population 4,082.

Garland, Exeter and Corinth. Population 3,818.

Hampden and Hermon. Population 4 305.

Orono, Glenburn, Hudson and Kenduskeag. Population 4,269.

Bangor, Three Representatives.

Oldtown, Greenfield and Milford. Population 4,141.

Brewer and Veazie. Population 3,792.

Charleston, Bradford, Lagrange, Edinburgh, Alton and Argyle. Population 4,011.

Orrington, Holden, Eddington, Clifton and Bradley. Population 4,171.

Greenbush, Nos. 1 and 2, Passadumkeag, Lowell, Enfield, Howland, Maxfield, Mattamiscontis and Lincoln. Population 4,004.

Burlington, No. 3 South of Lee, Lakeville, Carroll, Springfield, Lee, Webster, Prentiss, Drew and Kingman. Population 4,258.

Winn, Chester, Mattawamkeag, Woodville, Medway, Staceville, Patten, Mt. Chase, Indian Township and all territory not otherwise included. Population 3,973.

NEW MAGAZINES.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE. The numbers of THE LIVING AGE for the weeks ending February 26th and March 5th respectively, contain the following articles: John Milton, Modern Review; The Moral Influence of George Eliot, and The Unity of Nature, Contemporary; Notes on "Endymion," by Lord Houghton, Fortnightly; The Moral Element in Literature, Cornhill; Village Life of George Eliot, Fraser; Frank Buckland, Macmillan; The Great Snow-Storm of London, and The New Treaty between Russia and China, Spectator; Antiquarian Travelling in Central France, Among Aldines, The Fall of Lima, and Curling, Pall Mall Gazette; with instalments of "Don John," "Visited on the Children," and "The Freres," and the usual amount of poetry. For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year,) the subscription price ($8) is low; while for $10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4 monthlies or weeklies with THE LIVING AGE for a year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

Special Notices.

Annual Meeting.

ST. JOHN'S COMMANDERY

Stated Conclave Monday Evening, Mar. 7, at 7½ o'clock, at Masonic Hall.

ENTERTAINMENT.

The Young Ladies of the Universalist Sunday School WILL GIVE AN

Entertainment and Oyster Supper

IN THE VESTRY OF THE CHURCH,

—ON—

Tuesday Eve'g, March 8.

Entertainment to consist of PLANTATION MELODIES, INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, etc.

Supper from 6 to 8. Admission 15c.

mar7 sn 2t

MUSIC HALL.

The third in the course of Andrews' Assemblies will occur on

Wednesday Evening, March 9th.

REFRESHMENTS BY FRASER.

Admission to Gallery 35c.

M. H. ANDREWS.

NOROMBEGA HALL,

Thursday Evening, March 10th.

The RUSKIN CLUB take pleasure in announcing the appearance in Bangor, on the above date, of the eminent Actor,

MR. FRANK MAYO,

in his famous creation

DAVY CROCKETT,

AN IDYL OF THE BACKWOODS,

Now in its eighth year of unparalled success, and over 3,000 consecutive performances by Mr. Mayo in Europe and America

ELABORATE SCENERY,

Carried by the Management, for the proper presentation in this city of this play.

Prices as usual.

Sale of seats at Bugbee's, Monday morning.

mar5

[illegible] W. [illegible],

OF ANDOVER, MASS.,

Who has read so successfully in connection with the last two courses of

Fortnightly Lectures,

WILL GIVE

SELECT READINGS

—AT—

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday Eve'g, Mar. 15,

Commencing at 8 o'clock.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock.

Tickets, with Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Sale of Tickets to commence Monday, 9 A. M., March 7, at Bugbee's Bookstore.

mar1 sn 2t

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the Inhabitants of the City of Bangor qualified to vote for Representatives, that warrants have been issued to William F. Reed, a Constable of said City, to notify said inhabitants to assemble at the places in each of the Wards in said city named herein, on MONDAY, the *fourteenth day of March* instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, to wit:

To choose a *Warden, a Ward Clerk*, one *Alderman*, and three *Common Councilmen* for each of said Wards; and to give in their votes for a *Mayor* of said City.

Also to give in their votes upon the following question, viz: "Shall the City of Bangor make an agreement with the Bangor and Piscataquis Rail Road Company, or any other parties, to allow any portion of the net earnings of said road to be set apart for the purpose of paying interest on the cost of constructing the extension of said Rail-road to Moose Head Lake, and for a sinking fund to pay the cost of such construction, as provided by Act of Legislature, approved March 8, 1881."

Those in favor of said question will throw a vote with the word "YES" written or printed thereon.

Those not in favor of said question will throw a vote with the word "No" written or printed thereon.

The places of Ward meetings are as follows, viz.:

Ward One, at the School-house on York street, in said Ward.

Ward Two, at the City Hall, in said Ward.

Ward Three, at the School house on the corner of Union and Mount streets, in said Ward.

Ward Four, at the Grand Jury Room, in the Court House, in said Ward.

Ward Five, at the school-house corner State and Pine streets, in said Ward.

Ward Six, at the school-house on Division street, in said Ward.

Ward Seven, at the school house on Salem Court, in said Ward.

Notice is also given that the Board of Aldermen will be in session at their Room in the City Hall, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M., and from 2 o'clock P. M. to 5 o'clock P. M., on each of the *four* secular days next preceding said day of Election, for the purpose of receiving evidence of the qualification of Voters whose names have not been entered on the Lists.

Warrants calling said meetings, and also lists of the voters in said Wards are posted at the several places of Ward meetings.

☞ *Citizens will examine the lists for themselves*, and see that their names are properly entered thereon.

VICTOR BRETT, City Clerk.

Bangor, March 5, 1881. (Com copy) 1w

[illegible],

Bankers & Brokers,

No. 13 New St., New York,

Buy and sell either upon margin or for investment, Railroad Stocks, Bonds and other Securities usually dealt in in the New York Stock Exchange.

H. E. DILLINGHAM, E. H. PARKS, } C. G. WHITE, Member of the New York Exchange.

M. S. NICHOLS, (of M. S. Nichols & Co., of Chicago.) Special.

Jan 1 '81 sn 1y

LEGISLATIVE NOTICE.

Railroad Hearing.

On petition of the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Company, "to revise and amend chapter 44 of the Special Laws of 1872," entitled "An act to authorize the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Company to locate and construct branch lines," approved February 6, 1872

Ordered, That notice be given in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Kennebec Journal, of the pendency of said petition, and next THURSDAY, March 10, 2½ o'clock P. M., at the State House, is assigned for a hearing of all parties interested. "Act to incorporate the Dexter, Kataden & Holton Railroad Company," will be heard at the same time.

Per Order Committee.

C. H. FISHER, Clerk.

Augus'a, March 3, 1881. mar5 5tsn

Grand Trunk Railway

OF CANADA.

Fare from $2.00 to $5.00 Less Than by any other Line

RUNNING TO THE GREAT WEST.

First-Class, Second Class and Emigrant Tickets on sale at the lowest rates to Minnesota, Wisconsin, Colorado, California, Dakota, and all Points in Canada and the West

Parties intending emigrating will save money by calling on any of the Grand Trunk Agents.

Maps and information free.

Baggage checked through.

FRED H SMALL, Passenger Agent, Maine and Lower Provinces, Bangor, Me.

WM. WAINWRIGHT, Gen. Pass. Agent, Montreal

P. M. BLAKE, City Agent,

No. 9 Central Street,

mh4 sn 3m BANGOR, ME.

[illegible] BROS.

Just received,

A CHOICE LOT OF

KENNEBEC BALDWINS & GREENINGS

—AT—

A. L. BOYD & SON'S,

11 West Market Square, And 6 Hammond St.

For Sale or Rent.

The very desirable tenement, 27 Ohio-st. Possession given 1st of May. Inquire on the premises.

sn 1m feb21

The firm of BURR & ROBINSON having been dissolved,

B. A. BURR

Would announce to his friends and the public that he has taken the old stand, and is prepared to answer orders for every description of

Book and Job PRINTING,

in a prompt and satisfactory manner.

Additions of New Presses and other material will be made immediately, rendering its facilities for the execution of every variety of

PRINTING

unsurpassed in the State of Maine.

All orders should be addressed to

B. A. BURR,

Post Office Avenue,

or Whig & Courier Office,

BANGOR, Me.

CHARLES C. TUCK, who in former years acted as our Foreman with such signal skill and ability, will be found at his old post.

MR. BURR takes this opportunity to express his appreciation for the liberal patronage which he has ever received from the citizens of this city and vicinity, and assures his friends and the public that his best efforts will be devoted to merit a continuance of the same.

BANGOR, January, 1881.

NO STAIRS TO CLIMB.

ALLAN LINE.

SAILING EVERY THURSDAY FROM

Boston and Liverpool,

With extra steamers from GLASGOW, QUEENSTOWN and GALWAY.

Unequaled accommodation for *all classes* of passengers at favorable rates. Apply to Wm. E. Brown, 21 Main St., P. M. Blake, 9 Central St, Bangor. Leve & Alden, General Passenger Agents, 5 State St., Boston; 207 Broadway, N. Y.

1e28 sn

L. J. WHEELDEN,

(Late Firm of Patten & Wheelden)

Wholesale dealer in Pianos, Organs, Violins, Cornets, Guitars, Sewing Machines; Steels, Sheet Music, Covers, and Music Books. Tuning in any part of the State promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Band and Orchestra supplies a specialty. Needles, Oils, Attachments and Musical Small Goods constantly on hand.

76 MAIN ST., BANGOR, ME. 76

☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to.

sep13 sn d&w

NOROMBEGA HALL.

BUSKIN CLUB, - - - - - MANAGERS.

TUESDAY, March 8.

SNELLBAKER'S

Majestic Consolidation!

ARTISTS OF MERIT. **53** ARTISTS OF FAME.

A congregation of Artists without a parallel in the

HISTORY OF AMUSEMENT ENTERPRISES,

Artists from England! Artists from Spain! Artists from Germany! Artists from France! Artists from Russia!

And the very Best Artists of America,

Exclusive of the

4 Charming Wonderful 4 Graceful Beautiful 4

Genuine Tycoons,

IN THEIR NATIVE

NAUTCH DANCE.

Merit, Mirth and Magnificence are the chief salient points of their great show.

Sensational Features and Startling Surprises Have Made the Majestics Famous.

3 ACTS SIMULTANEOUSLY. AN ORIGINAL FEATURE. 3 THREE DISTINCT ACTS ON THE STAGE AT ONE TIME.

A Novelty original with and performed successfully only by this Mammoth Aggregation, an organization that foremost in its entirety what the Press and public pronounce beyond all qualification to be the Largest and Best Variety and Burlesque Combination ever presented to the American public. The evening's entertainment to conclude with the Nonsensical MUSICAL BURLESQUE, entitled

PRINCE PRETTY PATT.

Reserved Seats will be on Sale at Bugbee & Co.'s.

Prices, - - - - - 35, 50 and 75 cents.

mh5 2t

Spring Catalogues of Domestic Fashions now ready at DWELLEY & CO.'S.

mar2 sn

TERRIBLY ANXIOUS.

You insure your house and personal property against loss by fire. You are *terribly anxious* if the insurance is not kept in force, by renewal, at its expiration. Your property may never burn, but death you cannot escape. It comes, "like a thief in the night," and snatches us from those we love, and are dependent upon us. Life insurance, in a reliable company like the CONN. MUTUAL, is the most desirable property you can provide for your family's support.

H. N. FAIRBANKS, General Agent, Bangor, Me.

mar3 sn 1w

[illegible] & CO.,

22 West Market Square.

Buy and sell first class

State, City, Town and Railroad Bonds.

Investments for Trust Funds constantly on hand.

Will Buy Bangor Savings Bank Certificates.

Correspondence solicited.

sep23 sn

MONEY

In any Amount, from $50 Upwards, and all Persons Desiring to

Change

Their Present Form of

Investments,

And to Obtain the

BEST SECURITIES,

Will Find It MUCH to their Advantage to Deal With

[illegible],

Bankers,

And Proprietors of the

BANGOR SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

oct5 sn

[illegible]

Change of Time, Oct. 18, 1880.

	A.M.	P.M.
Leave Bucksport	5.50	1.15
Arrive in Bangor	6.40	2.30
Leave Bangor	7.45	7.15
Arrive in Bucksport	9.00	8.30

Morning train from Bucksport arrives in Bangor to connect with trains East and West.

Evening train leaves Bangor 7.15 P. M., or after arrival of Western train.

STAGE CONNECTION.

Bucksport daily for Orland, Castine, Penobscot, Blue Hill, Ellsworth, Sullivan &c.

L. L. LINCOLN, Supt.

oct14 sn

DRESS MAKING. Prices reasonable; work warranted. MRS. S. E. GOULD, No 58 Main st.

feb sn

DIED.

In this city, March 5, Isaiah Brown, aged 74 years, 4 days.

In Orrington, March 2, Jesse H. Nickerson, aged 74 years, 9 months.

In Carmel, March 4, Annie B., youngest daughter of Joseph W. and Martha Quinn.

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office in Bangor, Penobscot County, Maine, March 5, 1881. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "Advertised," and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Bugbee, F; Berry, John; Baker, J W; Holmes; Haines & Web, Mess.s; Hathorn, Hon James; Jordan, C B; Libby, I T; Maddox, Benj; Murray, Frank; Robinson, Fred C; Royal, Willie; Stewart, Fred A; Savage, Willie E; Witham, Geo; Woodard, John; Wm; Worcester, Lieut J E; Webster, Richard

LADIES' LIST.

Comee, mrs Mary; Flemming, mrs Maggie; Lord, miss Abbie C; McLain, miss Nellie; Moore, mrs Sarah; Tracy, mrs Lizzie

A. B. FARNHAM, P. M.

[illegible] Beer Sieves

CAN BE HAD AT

E. C. Nichols & Co.'s,

—AT—

New York Prices!

E. C. NICHOLS & CO.

mh7 1w

MAINE CENTRAL R. R. COMPANY,

Annual Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Maine Central Railroad Company, will be held at Granite Hall, in Augusta, on Wednesday the twenty-third day of March, A. D., 1881, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to act upon the following articles, viz.:

1. To hear the report of the Directors and Treasurer and act thereon.

2. To fix the number and make choice of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

3. To see if the stockholders will amend the By-Laws, so that the annual meeting shall be held on the third Wednesday of December in each year and at such hour and place as the Directors may determine.

4. To act upon any other matter which may legally come before the meeting.

By order of the Directors.

JOSIAH H. DRUMMOND, Clerk.

Portland, March 2, 1881. mh8 td

Worthy of Your Attention.

In order to make room for our extensive Spring Stock of *Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes*, I will close all my *Winter Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices*.

The balance of our Fur Goods will be sold at less than cost of manufacture.

J. A. CROWELL, 142 Main street.

feb17 d&w

SMALL PIG HAMS,

Weighing from Five to Eight lbs.

Just Received,

And for Sale, by

SNOW & AVERILL.

mar4

CHAS. S. PEARL,

(Successor to Pearl & Webb,)

Real Estate Broker, Insurance Agent AND AUCTIONEER.

Office—No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.

A. P. CHICK,

138 French Street,

House Painter

And Decorative Paper Hanger

Also orders for KALSOMINING attended to (or credit at my place) will be attended to in a workmanlike manner, and as low as the lowest for work. Please remember the place.

A. P. CHICK, 138 French St

mar1 3m

A CHOICE LOT OF P. R. CLASSES,

Just received

FRED T. HALL & CO'S

98 and 99 Central Street.

feb26

Harper, Leslie's Popular Monthly, Young Ladies Journal for March and all other Periodicals as soon as published. Subscriptions received at all times by

CHAS. HICHT,

feb19 3 Smith Block.

Eaton Family School,

NORRIDGEWOCK, ME.

(Established 1856.)

A pleasant home, with thorough instruction, class or private.

Spring Term will commence March 29th.

Address

H. P. EATON, Prin.

mh1 1m

SALEM LEAD COMPANY,

CORRODERS AND GRINDERS OF

PURE WHITE LEAD

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD PIPE and SHEET LEAD

All goods warranted to be equal to any other manufacturers.

FRANK A. BRIGGS, Treas.

mch8 1y WS&S

Cuticura

Miracles of Healing Unparalleled in Medical History.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the great internal purifier, absorbent, preventative, and tonic, shows its grand curative power in eczema, swelling, ulcers, erysipelas, swelling, painful inflammatory, mercurial rheumatism, scurvy, eruptions, all skin, nose, eye and scalp affections, with dry, thin and falling hair, when the CUTICURA, a Medicinal Jelly, CUTICURA SOAP, prepared from it, and external symptoms, the cures effected by CUTICURA REMEDIES are marvellous.

SCROFULA.

SCROFULA.—Hon. William Taylor, late Senator of Massachusetts, permanently cured of humor of the scalp, leprosy, and scrofula, unsuccessfully treated by twenty years' of Boston's best physicians and most celebrated specialists, as well as European authorities. He says: have been so cured that I can walk from the Cuticura Remedies that I have purchased in the streets to tell them of my cure.

RUNNING SORES.

RUNNING SORES.—Henry Lawrence Dow, of Hyde Park, Mass., certifies that Aug. 23, 1879, his ankle was set by a physician. Took sick with the splint sores broke out from the joint to the heel. Doctors called them various names, and ordered rubber stockings. Paid $25 for advice without any signs of cure. Used CUTICURA REMEDIES and was thoroughly and permanently cured. Certified to by Lothrop & Tarbox, Druggists, Dover, N. H.

SALT RHEUM.

SALT RHEUM.—Geo. F. Owen, Dealer in Grand Rapids, Mich., was troubled for years with Salt Rheumatism, tried everything in the trade, and was often laid up for months with only temporary relief. CUTICURA REMEDIES

CUTICURA REMEDIES are prepared by POTTER & CHEMICAL CO., Chemists and Druggists, Boston, and are for sale by all druggists. PRICE OF CUTICURA, a Medicine, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, $1. RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA MEDICINAL JELLY, in boxes, 25 cents; larger boxes, 50 cents. CUTICURA MEDICINAL SHAVING SOAP, for Barbers and Invalids, 15 cents. ☞ All mailed free on receipt of price.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH,

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler. Price, for all, $1.00.

Economical, agreeable, safe, and never failing remedy. This is the most perfect combination of medicinal agents for the speedy relief and cure of Catarrh. It satisfies every one who uses it. It is sold on a guarantee. It cures the worst cases of catarrh, from which there is every prospect of death. It is not a snuff, but a medicine, prepared for use by simply inhaling it through the nostrils. It is the most agreeable, pleasant, and effectual remedy for Catarrh,

Mirror and Courier.

MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1881.

Legislative Proceedings.

SENATOR BLAINE'S RESIGNATION.

Frye to be Senator Blaine's Successor.

[Special to the Whig and Courier.]

AUGUSTA, March 5.

Monday the Legislature will meet at 10 o'clock P.M., when it is expected that Senator Blaine's resignation will be laid before both branches. In this event his successor will be chosen as provided by the law the second Tuesday after the vacancy takes place, or the 15th inst. During the week the Republicans will hold a caucus, and Congressman Frye will be nominated for Mr. Blaine's successor by acclamation.

To Prevent Railroad Accidents.

The following is the bill to prevent railroad accidents.

Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled as follows:

Any person, other than a servant or employee of the road or a passenger holding a ticket, for a passage over the road, shall get upon or leave any steam engine, tender or car at any place outside of a railroad station, whilst such engine, tender or car is in motion, shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days or by a fine not exceeding ten dollars. The provisions of this act shall not affect the liability of any railroad corporation for injuries or damage caused by the carelessness or negligence of the corporation or its servants.

Relating to Taxation of Insurance Companies.

The following is the bill to amend section five of the public laws of 1876, relating to the taxation of insurance companies:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

SEC. 1. Section five of chapter one hundred and twenty-nine of the public laws of one hundred and seventy-six, shall be hereby amended so that said section shall read as follows: Every insurance company or association incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State, or incorporated or organized under the laws of a foreign country, having its principal office in any other State, and authorized to transact business in this State, shall pay the same fees and taxes upon business done in this State, as are imposed by such other State upon any similar insurance companies incorporated by or organized under the laws of this State; and any company refuses or unreasonably neglects to pay such fees and taxes upon proper demand, the insurance commissioner shall suspend the right of said company to do business in this State.

SEC. 2. Any former law or acts, repugnant to this act, are hereby repealed; except that the tax for eighteen hundred and forty, shall be assessed and collected under the provisions of the acts then in force.

Act of Bill Concerning Abused and Neglected Children.

The following is the full text of the bill concerning the care of abused and neglected children:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

SEC. 1. When complaint in writing, signed by two or more citizens of any town or city, alleging that any child within such town or city is wilfully neglected or cruelly treated by its parents, or by the wilful fault of such parents is not provided with suitable food, clothing, or privileges of education, or is kept at any house of ill-fame, or that such child is an orphan with no means of support, or kindred of sufficient ability who will furnish such support, shall be made to the municipal officers of such town or city, such municipal officers shall give notice of a time and place of hearing upon such petition by serving such notice, with a copy of such petition, upon such parents at least two days before such hearing, or by publishing a copy of such petition and notice of hearing in some newspaper in the county where such child resides, at least seven days before such hearing. Said municipal officers shall at the time and place mentioned in said notice, give a hearing to the parties and their witnesses, and if they find that the allegations in the petition are true, and that it is just and expedient to make further provision for the care, education and support of such children, they shall make a record thereof, signed by them or a majority of them, which shall be recorded by the clerk of said city or town, in a book kept for that purpose.

SEC. 2. Upon the making of such record, it shall be the duty of such municipal officers, or of some person appointed by them for that purpose, to make a complaint under oath to any judge of any court, or any trial justice, which shall contain in substance the allegations set forth in said petition, and praying that such provision may be made for the care, custody, support and education of the child named in said complaint as justice shall require, and thereupon the magistrate before whom such complaint is made, shall issue his warrant and shall cause such child to be brought before him, and if upon hearing it shall appear that the allegations of the complaint are true, and that justice requires that such child shall be supported and educated away from its parents, he shall order such child to such place or institution as shall be provided therefor by such town or city, or to such charitable institution or private person as he shall deem suitable for the purpose; provided such institution or person shall consent to receive, support and educate such child; but such order shall not extend beyond the time when such child shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years if a male, or at the age of eighteen years if a female.

SEC. 3. Whenever the magistrate shall deem it suitable and conducive to the public welfare that such child shall be placed under the control of any private person, he shall first take a bond from such person running to such town or city where the child resides, in such sum and with such sureties as he shall approve, conditioned that such person will humanely treat and properly support, clothe and educate the child, and in case of the non-performance of said bond, a suit may be commenced thereon, and the sum recovered upon such bond shall be paid into the treasury of the town or city to which the bond is given. Upon application to any magistrate, he shall examine into the condition and welfare of the children who have been provided for under this act, and may at any time make such further order in relation to their care, custody, support and education, as justice shall demand.

SEC. 4. Whenever the municipal officers of any town or city have reason to believe that any child will be removed beyond the limits of the State before a hearing can be had as provided in this act, at any time after the filing of the petition, they shall have the power to take the child into their custody, and keep the same until the hearing before the magistrate, as provided by this act.

SEC. 5. Whenever any child is in the custody of any public or charitable institution the parents or either of them make application in writing to any Judge of the Supreme Judicial Court to have the custody of such child restored to them. Such notice of the application, and the time and place of the hearing thereon as the court shall order shall be given to such institution and the municipal officers of the town or city where the proceedings provided for in this act commenced, and if it shall appear upon such hearing that the applicant is of sufficient ability and inclination to suitably provide for the support and education of such child and justice requires that the custody of such child shall be restored to such applicant, the Judge shall so order and the custody and control of said child shall thereupon be given such applicant until the further order of the court.

SEC. 6. Any town or city incurring expenses under this act by reason of the fault of parents who are of sufficient ability to properly support and educate their children but who wrongfully neglect and refuse to do so, may recover of such parents in an action of debt the amount so expended for the support of said children.

SEC. 7. Any town or city may make proper provisions for the support of children mentioned in this act, and such support shall not make such children or their parents paupers.

SEC. 8. This act shall take effect when approved.

ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

FROM PORTLAND.

Marine Record.

PORTLAND, March 5. The steamship Texas, Liverpool via Halifax, arrived this morning. The steamship Lake Manitoba, for Liverpool, and the Grandeson, for Glasgow, have signals up for sailing, but the sea is still very heavy outside.

The steamship Lake Manitoba sailed for Liverpool at one o'clock. The steamer City of Portland was at Rockland this morning, the steamer Falmouth at Eastport and the Lewiston left Belfast for Portland at eleven this forenoon.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD'S CABINET.

Nominations Sent to the Senate.

James G. Blaine, Secretary of State

WASHINGTON, March 5. President Garfield, this afternoon, sent to the Senate the following nominations:

JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine, to be Secretary of State.

WM. WINDOM, of Minnesota, to be Secretary of the Treasury.

WAYNE MCVEAGH, of Pennsylvania to be Attorney General.

THOS. L. JAMES, of New York, to be Postmaster General.

SAMUEL J. KIRKWOOD, of Iowa, to be Secretary of the Interior.

ROBERT T. LINCOLN, of Illinois, to be Secretary of War.

WM. H. HUNT, of Louisiana, to be Secretary of the Navy.

The Senate received these nominations at 3:05 P. M., and immediately, on motion of Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, went into executive session.

The Nominations Congirmed.

WASHINGTON, March 5. The Senate has confirmed the new Cabinet. Mr. Blaine, this afternoon, mailed to Gov. Plaisted his resignation as United States Senator, to take effect to-day. He also mailed a notification of his resignation to the Speaker of the Maine House of Representatives. Both communications should be received Monday, which will enable the Legislature to elect a successor on the second Tuesday following. Senator Windom will delay signing his resignation until Monday, as the Minnesota Legislature adjourns to-day and the Governor will then have unquestionably the power to appoint his successor immediately, whereas a resignation dated on any day when the Legislature is in session, although not received until after adjournment, might give rise to doubts as to the Governor's power to appoint.

THE FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Special Session of the Senate.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 5.

Upon calling the Senate to order at noon Vice President Arthur was vigorously applauded by the galleries.

The proceedings were opened with prayer after which the Vice President stated that he had received for presentation a number of petitions for special legislation, but that his own opinion, based upon the rules and precedents, was that these could not be presented at a extraordinary session of the Senate. He submitted a question as to the disposition to be made of these communications.

After remarks by Messrs. Harris and Hill (Ga.) it was ordered on motion of Mr. Cockrell that the petitions be retained by the Vice President to be submitted by him at the next legislative session.

Mr. Hoar offered a resolution extending to Winfield S. Hancock the privileges of the floor during his stay in Washington, which was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Blaine, in accordance with a motion given by him some weeks ago, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That a special committee of five be appointed by the chair to take into consideration a mode of voting for President and Vice President of the United States and a mode of counting and certifying the same, who shall report such a proposition for a change in the laws and constitution as may seem expedient; the committee to have power to sit during the recess of Congress, and that they be directed to report on or before the second Wednesday of January, 1882.

The resolution was temporarily laid on the table to be printed.

Mr. Pendleton, from the Committee on Notified on, reported that the President had expressed a desire to communicate with the Senate at 3 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Pendleton the Senate at 12.20 took a recess until 3.

On assemblage, the galleries were crowded and the strangers there applauded Vice-President Arthur and some Senators as they appeared.

Mr. Anthony called attention to the matter. He presumed many occupants of the galleries were strangers, unacquainted with the rules. They should be made to understand that any manifestations of approbation or disapprobation was an insult to the body and would lead immediately to the galleries being closed. The Vice-President instructed the Sergeant-at-Arms to see that order was maintained. At three o'clock the Senate went into Executive session and when the doors were reopened the Senate adjourned until Monday.

NEW YORK.

How Postmaster General James' Appointment was Received.

NEW YORK, March 5. Postmaster James' appointment was received with many demonstrations of approval here and congratulatory telegrams from Maine to California have been received during the afternoon by Mr. James.

The Final Score of the Peds.

The walk concluded this evening at 9:45, Panchot leaving the track with a score of 541 miles and 84 yards. Krohne's score, 523¾; Corran, 504¼; Lacouse, 489¾; Campana, 450. A small audience to-night; not over 3000 present.

VIRGINIA.

State Insane Asylum Burned.

DANVILLE, March 6. The main building of the State Insane Asylum caught fire last night in the East wing, which was being repaired, and before assistance could be furnished the whole wing and the main building were destroyed, a portion of the latter having been blown up for the purpose of saving the West wing. After six this morning fire broke out again and this afternoon reached the West wing, which is now burning, but the fire engines on the way from neighboring towns may be able to save it. Nearly a hundred patients were in the institution, all of whom were safely removed. At the time the fire was discovered they were in the Hospital chapel at the evening service, and this circumstance assisted in keeping the unfortunates under control and together. The building was in process of erection for some eleven years and was only finally completed last year, and cost the State about $600,000. It was built of stone, 1140 feet front with a centre building and three sections on either side, covering an area of one and three-quarters acres. The origin of the fire is unknown. Insurance about $250,000. This afternoon the firemen succeeded in saving a portion of the West wing, and a number of male patients have been returned to it. The attaches of the Hospital made no attempt to fight the fire, but devoted their energies to removing the patients, some of whom became intensely excited and were removed with great difficulty.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Mar. 7—(1 A. M.)

Indications.

For New England: Fair weather, winds mostly northerly, higher barometer, stationary or higher temperature.

Cautionary off-shore signals for Boston, Section 3 and Portland.

[illegible] On the Baltimore & Potomac Railroad.

TWO PULLMAN COACHES AND THREE ENGINES WRECKED.

Ex-President Hayes and Family Among the Passengers.

MANY OTHER DISTINGUISHED PERSONAGES.

Several Persons on Board Killed and Many Wounded.

THE ACCIDENT CAUSED BY A DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS.

BALTIMORE, March 5. A collision occurred this afternoon at Severn station, 14 miles south of this city, on the Baltimore & Potomac Road, between the second section of the fast train north, which left Washington at 1 10 P. M., and a train of empty passenger cars, drawn by two engines, going south to Washington.

The train from Washington was made up of four Pullman sleeping cars next to the engine and tender, the first of which was a special car chartered by J. Wyman Young, of Shamokin, Pa., containing friends of Mr. Young and citizens of Shamokin and vicinity. The next three contained the Cleveland City Troops, which which was a special escort to President Garfield from Cleveland to Washington and was returning as a special escort to ex-President Hayes and family and friends. The sixth coach was a special car of James Mason, counsel of the Lake Shore Road, and A. C. Armstrong, an officer of the same road, from Cleveland. It contained the families of these gentlemen and their friends and was followed by a baggage car. Next came the special car of Daniel P. Eels, President of the Commercial Bank of Cleveland, in which were his family and friends. This coach was followed by a car containing twelve horses of the Cleveland troop and made up the train.

At the time of the collision the north bound train was going at high speed. The first Pullman car, which was a special car chartered by Mr. Young of Shamokin, received the shock of the collision and was partially telescoped into the second car containing members of the Cleveland troop.

Mr. Young was instantly killed.

The following were injured: Edward Williams, right ankle fractured; J. A. Weaver, badly cut over the left eye and ear; J. W. Simonds, cut on the head; D. D. Downer, scalp wound; W. P. Morall, head cut; J. Johnson, conductor of Pullman car, right ankle cut; a porter of a Pullman car had a leg broken. None of the other passengers were hurt. Of the employees of the train, Oliver, baggage master, was killed; H. Freeburn, engineman, skull fractured; John Ungland, engineman, head cut badly and bruised on legs and side; Robert Oliver, E. M. Skeen, G. Freese, Jacob Rider, Robert Everhart and Wm. Talbott, train hands, more or less cut and bruised, but not seriously.

As soon as information of the collision was received here a wrecking train was sent out with surgeons of the company to attend the wounded which returned to Baltimore with all the passengers and wounded, reaching the Union depot between five and six o'clock. The wounded are being properly cared for and most of the passengers are at the hotels. Ex-President Hayes and family are at Samuel M. Shoemaker's. The Passengers and such of the wounded as are able will leave for their respective destinations to-night.

Mr. Mason and Mr. Armstrong state that none of the Cleveland citizens are at all injured. None of the cars were damaged except the first and second Pullman cars, as previously stated.

All three engines were badly wrecked. The officers of the Baltimore & Potomac road state that the empty train drawn by two engines was started for Washington with the express instructed to lie over on the siding at Severn station until the second section of the first train from Washington had passed. That order was disobeyed and a collision resulted.

Second Despatch.

BALTIMORE, March 6. The wreck of the collision on the Baltimore & Potomac Railroad has been cleared and up to noon to-day twelve trains, comprising 137 cars, mostly filled with troops and visitors to Washington, passed through the city en route to the East and West.

300 Houses Destroyed.

MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED CORPSES RECOVERED.

A GREAT MANY WOUNDED.

ROME, March 5. The loss of life by an earthquake on the island of Ischia, is appalling. One hundred and ten bodies have been found at Casamacciola up to the present time. Many others are under the ruins of buildings. In the village district of Tacco alone thirteen houses were destroyed and five persons killed.

A despatch to the News from Rome states that 300 houses have fallen at Casamacciola. The Government is sending relief.

A correspondent at Naples says 110 corpses have been recovered and 67 wounded have been sent to the hospitals.

A despatch from Rome reports that the earthquake at Casamacciola opened fissures in the streets fifty centimetres wide. Many people fled from the town and encamped in the fields.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Postal Appointments.

WASHINGTON, March 6. Postmasters appointed: Harrison C. Pease, Appleton, Knox County, Me.; Fred N. Judd, West Hampton, Mass.

From B. Frank Swan, son of M. M. Swan, Jeweller, 154 Water St., Augusta, Me.

I have been troubled with Asthma for twelve years, and have employed skilful physicians of Boston, also two of the leading physicians of Augusta, without effect. I have felt nothing of this trouble since taking *Adamson's Botanic Balsam!*

MWS&fw1 mar7

THAT'S A FACT.

A man can't work unless he feels well. The hard times have made plenty of people sick simply by worrying them almost out of their wits about money and business. Trouble of mind has brought on trouble of body. There is indigestion, heaviness in the head, and all that. Are you afflicted in this way? Go and invest One Dollar for a bottle of Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," and it will make a new man of you. It takes the bile out of the blood, and is worth a trip to Rondout, N. Y.—the Doctor's home—on foot, if you can not get it more easily. First, however, see if your druggist hasn't got it. d&w2wmar4

The highest hopes and interests of the race rest on the purity, health, and strength of womanhood. We take pleasure in referring our readers to the remarkable efficacy of LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND in all that class of diseases from which women suffer so much.

dlt&w1t 2w Mar7

DEAL WITH BOWLER & MERRILL NO. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, BANGOR, IF YOU WISH TO OBTAIN THE VERY BEST AND SAFEST SECURITIES FOR THE INVESTMENT OF TRUST FUNDS AND SAVINGS AT THE LOWEST PRICES

dtf

LOCAL MATTERS.

City election one week from to-day.

The sleighing is all gone in the city.

House rents are now reported scarce in the city.

The Land League held a meeting yesterday afternoon.

About time to commence the spring house cleaning.

The election warrant is published in another column.

The thaw has driven quite a number of men out of the woods.

Yesterday about three feet of water were running over the dam.

The Unitarians will have a sociable at Unity Hall this evening.

There are seventeen inches of blue ice in front of the steamboat wharf.

Chas. Hale & Co., have received a large line of diamonds and seal rings.

Messrs. Williams & Getchell are renovating their store on Main street.

The Humpty Dumpty Company gave a band concert on the street Saturday noon.

The school teachers held a profitable meeting at the High School building Saturday afternoon.

Mr. S H. Joseph, agent of Snellbaker's Majestics, was at the Bangor House, with several assistants, Saturday.

Batchelder the wife beater is now in the station house in hopes to find some one that will become surety for him.

The dates of Mr. John L. Stoddard's lectures here on foreign travel are as follows: April 19th, 22d, 26th, 29th and May 3d.

The stockholders of the Maine Central Railroad Company will hold their annual meeting at Granite Hall, Augusta, March twenty-third.

The third assembly in Mr. Andrews' course will take place at Music Hall on Wednesday evening. Refreshments will be served by Fraser.

The Buskin Club kindly afforded the inmates of the Children's Home an opportunity to attend the matinee performance of Humpty Dumpty, Saturday afternoon.

The buildings burned in Brewer, Friday night, are owned by the estate of the late L. E. Sabine, instead of F. M. Sabine, Esq., of this city. The property was uninsured.

After a siege of five days the weather finally cleared away Saturday, and our citizens were made happy by another sight of the sun. The weather last night was a little cooler.

We understand that a committee from the Perkins street Baptist church, of Somerville, Mass., visited this city last week for the purpose of extending a call to Rev. F. T. Hazlewood.

The Exeter Quarterly meeting of Free Baptists will convene at Dexter on Tuesday of this week, and remain in session three days. Half fare will be given from all places on the railroad between this city and Burnham.

The alterations on the sluice at the dam were completed Saturday. The foot of the sluice has been raised about four feet, and it is now hoped that the rafts can be brought down at any stage of the water, without breaking them up.

The young ladies of the Universalist Sunday School will give an entertainment and oyster supper at their vestry Tuesday evening. The entertainment will consist of plantation melodies and instrumental music. Supper will be served from six to eight o'clock. Admission fifteen cents.

The St. John train was about four hours late Saturday night, on account of a broken axle. The accident occurred a few miles this side of Vanceboro. As the train did not arrive in this city in season to connect with the Pullman, the passengers were obliged to remain in this city until last evening.

Hon. L. G. Downes and A. E. Neill, Esq., of Calais, were in the city yesterday, en route for Providence on business connected with the proposed cotton mill, which capitalists are talking of erecting in St. Stephen. Mr. Neill states that the indications are quite favorable and is in hopes that the project will prove a success.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES. The Republican voters are requested to meet in City Hall, Thursday evening, at half-past seven o'clock, to nominate a candidate for Mayor. They are also requested to meet at the polling places in the several wards at the same hour Saturday evening to nominate candidates for Aldermen, Councilmen and ward officers.

REFORM CLUB. The public meeting of this club held yesterday was quite largely attended, and the audience seemed to appreciate and approve all that was said by the speakers, who addressed the meeting, in the following order: President Hall, J. L. Randall, Mrs. Pickard, Ex-President Montgomery, Vice-President Sheedy, Dr. Palmer and Rev. Mr. Axtell. The singing, a most pleasing feature, was highly commended.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT. The concert at the Essex street church last evening was more than usually interesting. The principal subject was the "Resurrection," which was developed by the whole school, interspersed with pleasant singing, among which a solo by Miss Gertie Powers and a duet by Mr. Hill and Miss Brook were especially deserving of mention. Mr. Chick, the Superintendent, is entitled to much credit for his efforts in promoting the interests of the school.

CANDIDATES FOR THE JAIL. Yesterday afternoon several young ruffians who neither respect themselves or the Sabbath day, had a sort of running fight on Central street, near Norombega Hall. They kept on the move all the time, knowing that the police would be after them, and exchanged blows as they went. Marshal Reed succeeded in capturing one of them before they got wind of his approach, but the others made their escape for the present.

THE CHINA MURDER. On Thursday forenoon the relatives and friends of the late Mrs. Merrill, gathered at the old homestead in China, to pay their last respects to her who had been so foully murdered. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Hall. Mr. Merrill, the husband, was present and appeared very much broken down by the great calamity which has come upon his household. The funeral train, as it moved towards the last resting place, was a mournful looking sight, the saddest ever seen in that quiet village.

"HUMPTY DUMPTY." Large audiences attended the performance of "Humpty Dumpty" by Nick Roberts' Company, Saturday afternoon and evening, and the entertainment gave general satisfaction. The pantomime was up to the average standard and the specialty artists were all excellent. The most attractive feature of the entertainment was the bycicle act by Prof. Stirk and family. They managed their noiseless steeds in a wonderful manner, and when little Flossie appeared upon the stage mounted on a tiny bycicle she fairly captivated the audience! She rode beautifully and appeared as much at home as the Professor himself.

GRAND SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Large freight trains are now beginning to traverse the Grand Southern line between St. George and Carleton. Timber trains carrying material for the bridges are being sent regularly out from Carleton, and it is thought this portion of the work will be finished early in the spring. About the middle of April work on the station houses and sheds along the line will be commenced. They will be built of spruce. A train loaded with timber for the bridges at Musquash and St. George left Carleton Friday. Mr. McCabe's tracklaying contract is not complete until the ballasting of the road shall be finished. Contractor Greene is in hopes to have everything ready for a fair start in May when the formal opening of the road will take place.

PERSONAL. At the recent municipal election in Port Royal, South Carolina, Mr. Benjamin Burr was elected Mayor in a closely contested fight by a majority of three. The new Mayor is a brother of T. W. Burr, Esq., of this city, and a nephew of Mr. B. A. Burr, of the WHIG. In speaking of the election the *Sea Island News*, published in Beaufort, says: "The municipal management of the city of Port Royal, has fallen into good hands. While we congratulate the successful candidate for Intendant, Mr. Benj. Burr, our congratulations extend to the whole inhabitants of the future city of cities on the South Atlantic coast. Mr. Burr is the right man in the right place. He is a Republican and a man of liberal and progressive instincts, and we do not think our anticipations of a marked improvement in Port Royal during the coming year will be disappointed."

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ASSOCIATION. The Executive Committee of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Association held a meeting at the Falmouth, Portland, Friday evening. Nearly all the members of the committee were present, among whom were Gen. Beal, Col. Robie, Gen. John M. Brown and others. The committee, after some discussion, on motion of Gen. Brown, decided unanimously to extend an invitation to President Garfield, through Gen. Chamberlain, President of the Association, to be present at the general reunion of Maine veterans, to take place in this State some time during the coming summer—probably in the month of August. It was also decided to ask the Legislature and Governor and Council to unite with the Association in extending the invitation, and to make the President the guest of the State. Several places have been designated by the signers of the circulars, at which to hold the reunion. Among them are Augusta, Portland, Bangor, Rockland, and Lewiston—each having its followers—as being the most desirable place to hold the jollification.

GOOD TEMPLARS OF HAMPDEN. A correspondent writes: The members of Hampden Lodge I. O. of G. T., with their invited guests, enjoyed a very social gathering at the M. E. church vestry Friday evening. It was gotten up as a surprise to their W. C. T., Rev. C. A. Southard, and so well was it kept from him that the first knowledge he had of the affair was when he received his invitation in the afternoon. The invitation was a very pretty affair, being wound with white silk on red cardboard about eight by thirteen inches, and tied with blue ribbon. A large party was present and enjoyed the fine supper which had been prepared. During the evening Mr. Southard delivered a poem on the occasion, prepared after receiving his invitation. This was followed by singing, short speeches and social conversation. Hampden Lodge is in a prosperous condition, numbering about one hundred and thirty members, and the large number present and interest manifested at the gathering shows that it is not an idle Lodge. Mr. Southard is now serving his second quarter as W. C. T., and much praise is due him for his labors in the cause of temperance.

AMUSEMENTS.

Frank Mayo.

The sale of seats for Mr. Mayo's appearance next Thursday evening as "Davy Crockett," will commence at Bugbee & Co.'s this morning. Mr. Mayo is acknowledged as one of the leading actors of the day, and we hope to see him greeted by one of Bangor's finest audiences. No regular dramatic performance has been given on Norombega stage since last November, and it will be a treat to witness a good play. We take the following from a New York paper:

Frank Mayo's "Davy Crockett" is one of the best of the realistic class of plays that we have ever witnessed upon any stage, and the representation last evening was artistic and grand to the fullest extent. Though a story of the backwoods, there is none of the blood and thunder loud talk to be be found in the depicture of border life; but the pure love of a strong, untutored nobleman of the forest is at all times portrayed in a masterly manner by Mr. Mayo, who, in this character, is creation of his own, has no equal in the country.

Snellbaker's Majestics.

This big show will pack Norombega to-morrow night. It is the largest variety and burlesque organization on the road, requiring a special passenger and baggage car for transportation from Portland to Bangor. Seats may now be secured at Bugbee's. The Pittsburg *Times* says:

Snellbaker's Majestic Consolidation appeared at this popular place of amusement last evening to the largest audience ever gathered within the walls of the building, and, we can safely say, gave the best and most novel entertainment ever presented to the Academy patrons. Among so many good things it is difficult to particularize, but the Clipper Quartette, Karola Ordway and wife, Little Ali Bright, Miss Maggie Cline and the excellent burlesque of Prince Pretty Patt deserve special mention. This company has met with the most marked success since they have been en route, and last night's audience was only a repetition of their enormous business! They will no doubt continue to pack the house the entire week as there is nothing in the entertainment to which a man might not take his wife, mother, sister and sweetheart, without the fear of their seeing or hearing anything to cause them to blush. The novelty of presenting two and three acts at one time caused a great sensation.

Police Court.

In the Police Court, Saturday, James E. Batchelder pleaded guilty of an aggravated assault on his wife, and was bound over to the August term in the sum of $500. He was also ordered to give bonds in the sum of $500 to keep the peace for one year, and being unable to raise either at the time he was committed to the station house to see if any one would become surety for him.

Wm. Whitman and Robert Quimby were each fined five dollars and costs for drunkenness, and as they were unable to raise the cash they were sent up to jail.

Thomas Cotton was charged with making an assault upon a colored girl, and was fined three dollars and costs, which he paid.

Patrick Shaughnessy, for drunkenness, was fined five dollars and costs which he paid.

INAUGURATION DAY.

Ceremonies and Festivities at the National Capital.

THE SCENE IN THE SENATE CHAMBER.

[Cor. Boston Journal.]

As the Senate Chamber is the scene of the swearing in of the Vice-President, and as the galleries hold about 2,000 persons, the tickets were in great demand. When the doors were opened at 10.30 there was a rush made for the front seats and the entire galleries were soon filled. A large majority of the occupants were ladies, fashionably dressed, and many using fans, which gave animation to the general effect.

Mrs. Hayes escorted the venerable mother of Gen. Garfield and Mrs. Garfield to the gallery seats reserved for them. Mrs. Hayes wore a magnificent seal-skin dolman and a black brocaded silk dress, with a white uncut velvet bonnet and ostrich feathers. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The elder Mrs. Garfield, who is a white-haired venerable-looking lady, wore a black silk bonnet, a black silk dress, and a silk cloak trimmed with a band of silver fox fur. Mrs. Gen. Garfield wore a suit of dark green velvet trimmed with chenille fringe, and a bonnet to match. She carried a bunch of roses. Miss Mollie Garfield wore a plum-colored woolen suit trimmed with plush and a broad-brimmed gypsy felt hat tied down over her ears. Miss Fannie Hayes wore a purple plush suit with a yellow stripe and a white felt hat. Officials entitled to admission on the floor of the Senate began to make their appearance and to occupy the vacant chairs, the Senators having doubled up on one side of the Chamber.

GENS. HANCOCK AND SHERIDAN, THE DIPLOMATS AND OTHER DISTINGUISHED PERSONAGES.

When Gen. Hancock, the "superb soldier," entered in full uniform, escorted by Senator Blaine, he was greeted with applause, which continued as he passed around the rear of the Democratic seats to the main aisle, the Senators all being seated on the Republican side. Here he was warmly greeted by Senators Conkling, Thurman, David Davis, B. H. Hill, Brown and Wade Hampton, in order, and then by all the Senators sitting near the passage. For a few minutes he held a sort of general levee, and was then escorted to a seat in front and left of the Vice-President, being again greeted with applause. Gen. Sheridan, when he entered, was also applauded. The two Generals sat side by side, and each was accompanied by his staff. Sir Edward Thornton headed the Diplomatic Corps, which came in a body, nearly all wearing the court dresses of their respective nations, resplendent with gold and silver embroidery, and decked with their ribbons, stars and other insignia of knighthood. Sir Edward Thornton's blue suit, with the breast, back, collar and cuffs heavily embroidered in gold, was very becoming. The most unique costumes, however, were worn by the Chinese Legation, the Ministers sporting purple silk sacks over yellow plush velvet brocaded skirts. The Mexican Legation appeared in full evening dress, and the Japanese in a neat uniform.

A burly Swede wore a fiery scarlet coat, heavily embroidered, and the small South American Powers appeared to think that their diplomatic importance was measured by the amount of gold embroidery on their coats. The Supreme Court was announced, and they entered with dignity, wearing their silk robes of office. Ex-Judges Strong and Swaine accompanied them. Many of the Representatives straggled in before the House finally adjourned, looking for good seats, and they generally got them. By the time the Senators, ex-Senators Senators-elect, Governors of States, ex-Governors, Supreme Judges and ex-Judges, the Diplomatic Corps and other distinguished men were seated there was not much room left on the floor for the members of the House. Lady Thornton, Madame Yoshida and other ladies connected with legations, with the daughters of Secretary Evarts, were in the diplomatic gallery. Mr. Whitelaw Reid, George Alfred Townsend, Joe Howard, Olive Logan, Mrs. Olivia Briggs, Miss Emma Jaynes and other press celebrities graced the reporters' gallery. Gov. Jewell, Frederick Douglass, Gov. Head and other celebrities were on the floor. The Senators transacted some routine business, but they all looked weary and jaded except Senator Conkling, who wore a jaunty morning suit with the corner of a red silk handkerchief peeping from his breast pocket. Senator Blaine wore a full suit of black.

ENTRANCE OF THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRESIDENT-ELECT.

The President of the United States was announced, and all rose as Mr. Hayes entered, having Gen. Garfield on his arm. The General wore a frock coat, buttoned up, vest and pantaloons of black cloth, with a black necktie, over which his collar was turned down. They were shown to seats in the centre of the chamber. Mr. Wheeler presented Mr. Arthur, who made a short but well-worded speech, and was then sworn in by Mr. Wheeler, who in turn made a few well-expressed remarks, alluding to the good feeling that had always been shown toward him and returning his thanks therefor. His last official act was performed in declaring the Senate of the 46th Congress adjourned *sine die*.

THE INAUGURATION BALL.

It was fortunate for those who wished to indulge in the time-honored custom of dancing at an inauguration ball that Government had just completed an immense building for a national museum, which was fitted up for the occasion. Wooden floors were laid by the care and carefully waxed, and the building was simply yet tastefully decorated. A heroic statue of "Liberty," which stands in the central rotunda of the building, holding aloft a beacon torch, was the first object that struck the visitors on entering. Flags and bunting were lavishly displayed, but with good taste, and the high arched ceiling was almost hidden by a network of evergreens and flowers. The monograms of the President and Vice President, and the coats-of-arms of the States and Territories were displayed on the pillars.

THE PROGRAMME AND DECORATIONS.

The programme, a copy of which was given to each lady, consists of sixteen pages, each four and one-half by six inches, including the cover. The latter has a background or prevailing tint of delicate gray. Its front page contains the words "Inauguration Ball" in a fancy block letter at the top. Underneath this is a representation of the rising sun with red rays against a golden sky, each ray bearing a miniature white star. Then comes an eagle with outstretched wings perched on a crown and a real, white and blue shield. Below this are the pictures of Garfield and Arthur, both being good likenesses. These rest upon draped American flags and are enshrined with laurel leaves, all the colors being finely brought out. Beneath, in the lower, left-hand corner, is a picture of the Capitol, and in the opposite corner is shown the White House. Below all, at the very bottom of the page, are the words, "March 4th, 1881." The fourth page of the cover is as pretty as one could imagine. In the centre is the representation of a card on which is a splendid picture of the new museum building. This card is apparently tied at one end with red and blue ribbons, prettily bowed and with long graceful streamers. In the upper left hand corner of the page is a cluster of rose buds and roses, lilies of the valley, daises, smilax, ferns and other flowers and vines. The effect is heightened by the shadow which each cast and which gives the whole a striking perspective. This page has been praised by all who have seen it. Nor is the beauty of the programme exhausted on the outside. Each inside page is bordered with a design appropriate and pleasing. On each side is an upright bundle of dark blue spears bound with yellow bands, surmounted with a battle axe. In the centre of the spears is a shield of national colors, while a wreath of green laurel encircles the lower part of them. At the top of the page is a colored centre piece, from which golden cords are festooned to the battle-axes on each side. At the bottom of the page are two American flags, draped on their staffs and tied in the centre. The whole effect is very fine. The first page contains the names of the Executive Committee, royal purple badge; the second the Hall and Promenade Committee; third, the Reception Committee; white and purple badge, and Committee on Tickets, yellow badge; fourth, Committee on Decorations, green badge; fifth, Committee on Comfort, blue badge, and Committee on Carriages, red badge; sixth, Committee on Refreshments, purple badge; seventh, Committees on Music and Programme; eighth, Floor Committee, with following badges: Director, red, white and blue; aids to director, red and white; General Floor Committee, white. All the names are printed in brown ink.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

President and Mrs. Garfield arrived at the building about 9 o'clock and were received by the committee, Hon George Bancroft escorting the President. Mrs. Garfield was dressed with great taste. She wore a dress of light heliotrope satin, elaborately trimmed with point lace, a cluster of panels at her neck and no jewelry. Mrs. Hayes, who was escorted by Hon. John Bailey, wore a cream-colored satin dress trimmed with ermine.

Lady Thornton wore a dress of heliotrope satin profusely trimmed with point applique lace. Sir Edward wore an evening dress suit with his Order of the Bath suspended from a scarlet ribbon around his neck. Mrs. Senator Hoar wore a beautiful cream-colored velvet and silk dress. Mrs. Senator Hamlin wore a bright pink silk dress. Mrs. Senator Dawes wore a lavender silk, much trimmed with thread lace, and looked unusually well, as did also her daughter, who appeared in a beautiful blue and white brocade. Mrs. General Kilpatrick wore a dress of garnet velvet trimmed with steel and crystal beads and wonderful diamonds.

PROMENADE CONCERT AND DANCE.

Music was by the Germania Orchestra, Philadelphia; William Stohl, Jr., Conductor; Henry Fehling, Assistant; and United States Marine Band, John Philip Sousa, Conductor; Charles Thierbach, Leader. Music under the direction of Mr. Sousa.

The dancing programme covers several pages, and was followed by a blank page for memoranda.

The supper was served in a temporarily constructed "annex," where preparations were made for seating 500 persons at a time, each one paying the moderate sum of one dollar.

Dancing was kept up until a late hour and every one present voted that the ball was a marvelous success and a fit termination to this most glorious of inaugurations. To even enumerate the distinguished personages and beautiful women present would require colums of this broad sheet, but nothing occurred to mar the harmony and enjoyment of the occasion. The day commenced in gloom, it ended in brightness, and may we not hope that four years hence will find us a reunited and happy people.

FROM OLDTOWN.

Close of the High School—Presentation.

Our correspondent writes: Among the many thing that ceased to exist on the fourth of March was the winter session of our High School, which closed its twelve weeks Saturday; the other schools had closed one week before.

The attendance has been less during the winter term, averaging but forty-four, than for the two previous terms. The classes passed a very creditable examination, and a member of the school committee remarked, "with an equality of proficiency that was remarkable," all doing well, none attaining great prominence.

The principal, Mr. Charles Fish, and his assistant, Miss Morse, are deserving and receiving the commendation of every one interested in the school, not only for their tact and ability, but for their untiring efforts in advancing the interest of the pupils in the various branches of a free high school education.

The spacious school room was filled to repletion with an audience interested in the closing exercises, whose pleasure was considerably hightened by a little heartfelt surprise which the scholars had improvised for the occasion. When the hour for recess had arrived, one of the graduates, rising in his place, addressed the principal in substance, as follows:

"The graduates and present members of this school have commissioned me to present to you,

FASHION'S FANCIES.

Latest Metropolitan Novelties.

[From the N. Y. Evening Post.]

The habit costume is in high favor.

Mulberries are in great demand for mourning bonnets.

Duchesse de Berry hats of black velvet and jet are very stylish.

Crushed roses of pink and crimson will be worn upon spring hats.

Immense bows of very broad satin ribbon have taken the place of belt bouquets.

Japanese velvet matched in colors to the dress is much employed for dress trimmings.

The most fashionable rings are of hammered gold, made in pliable strips, and wound around the finger.

The monastic style of dress is much in vogue. It is an exact copy of the Trappist an garb except the Maltese cross and head-dress.

Pretty dresses for little girls are made of tinted cashmere in pale blue, rose color, mauve or cream white, and simply trimmed with satin *rouleaux* of the same shade. The bodice is open in front *a la vierge*, and finely shirred in at the waist. The dress is cut princess at the back and slightly draped in front; the bodice has a peaked or rounded basque, and the skirt is pleated all the way down.

A pretty costume noted upon the promenade was a fine shepherd's plaid, in the shades of Mikado blue and gold. The underdress was laid in alternate box plaits of the plaid, and flat panels of clar-blue Hungarian plush. A broad scarf draping of the plaid was laid in heavy folds over the front, and slightly draped in the back. A jaunty little Bubet casaquin, or peasant girl's coat, was made of the plaid, with a pelerine and deep cuffs to the plush. A *bebe* bonnet of the plush had a gold colored ostrich plume over the crown and the blue plush strings, lined with gold colored satin sublime were caught together by a gold beetle. An envelope mug of plush lined with antique gold and bordered with dark blue feather bands, finish the toilet.

A very elegant toilet worn at a "kettle-drum" lately was made of black satin. The bodice was trimmed with very handsome jet appliques in Byzantine designs. At the lower edge of the skirt there was a very narrow filling of heliotrope colored satin, and very long kid gloves of the same shade of heliotrope were worn. These had no buttons, and were drawn over the tight fitting dress sleeves. The lady wore a black satin poke bonnet faced with heliotrope and densely covered on the outside with sparkling jets and jetted pompons. A very large satin fan with an embroidered border outlined with jet beads and a mouchoir pouch of black satin and Parma violets depending from a cordelière of jet completed this very stylish costume.

Princesse dresses in very dark shades of velvet are worn for reception toilets; they have the collar, cuffs and pockets elaborately embroidered with blue jets. There is always some drapery added to take away the *robe de chambre* effect which these dresses otherwise have. Trimmings of satin and lace are often arranged on the bodices to form a dress point front and back, and sometimes extra length is allowed to drape panniers. Some are perfectly plain in front and at the sides and raised *en pouf* at the back, others are draped or *coulisses* at one side or opened nearly to the waist and laced across. A very handsome princesse dress is made of *Carothier* stamped velvet, trimmed with a tablier and side panels of plush edged with Renaissance lace. A very wide collar and cuffs of the plush are added.

There is at present no unique fashion in bonnets. The small *bebe* or capotes and Henry III. toques are still at the height of fashion for toilet *habilities*, and certainly have a more full dress air than the shapes worn with wide brims. Hats are perhaps larger than ever before, and promise to reach greater proportions the coming season. Very few people will proably credit the statement that some of the very latest, or rather the earliest of these monstrous affairs actually measure nearly a yard and a half in circumference. It is quite true, nevertheless. Many of them will be bent irregularly, and there will be more trimming under the brims than upon the crown of the hat. Wreaths of wild flowers, apple blossoms and even long ostrich plumes will be used to fill in the hat caverns, underneath the brims of these startling headdresses.

A very handsome wrap for the *demi saison* is the Du Barry mantle. It has a shoulder piece which comes down in front, and at the back, half-way down to the waist, and is finely shirred. To this the mantle is fastened on the plaits, both in front and at the back. Behind, the plaits are held in at the waist line under a flowing bunch of ribbons. In front the mantle falls quite loose, and is fastened under long drooping loops of ribbon. The back of the mantle is turned up in the middle so as to show the lining, in deep revers which slant off sharply at the sides. This model is handsome in silk or Hindoo cashmere, with shoulder-piece, ribbon trimmings and linings of watered silk. More *pronance*, but still in good taste it can be made of satin de Lyon and brocade, with colored trimmings and linings.

Charming robes de Malus are now exhibited by an importing firm in this city. One handsome dress included in a bridal trousseau intended for a Philadelphia belle was cut in the classic style with a graceful lambrequin effect in the back. The robe was made of cream white Hindoo cashmere. The entire front was of soft blue silk edged with pleated Languedoc lace and embroidered with blushy roses, white pinks and forget-me-nots. The flowing "angel" sleeves were lined with the embroidered silk and finished with frills of lace. Another robe on sale was made of canary-colored vigogne, with revers and panels of crimson Surah. Up the front, from the foot of the dress to the throat, were cascades of Breton edging, with bows of crimson satin ribbon between each fall of lace. A short drapery of the vigogne lined with crimson was placed transversely across the back of the skirt. A hood lined with crimson and trimmed with lace was attached to the dress by a heavy cord and tassel which tied in front under the pointed collar.

Beside the very costly and elegant toilets of white worn at the Charity Ball noted in last week's fashion column were many other toilets whose much beauty makes them worthy of note. One dress, modelled after a favorite toilet of Bernhardt's and which received much notice and admiration, was a Radzimer silk of palest pearl color. The dress was cut with a princess back, and the long court train was untrimmed, sweeping the floor in heavy lustrous folds. The dress opened in front over a jabiler formed of duchesse lace and appliques of pearls and white cut jets. The bodice was pointed in front and cut pompadour, and the open space filled in with duchesse lace. A noticeable feature of the dress was its drapery, which was unique. A graduated breadth of the silk like a semi-Watteau fold was carried from the sweeping train up the whole length of the left side of the dress to the left shoulder. Starting from here, and falling over this drapery was a long trailing spray of white lilies and leaves. This garniture also adorned other portions of the dress, and was accompanied with diamond ornaments and chatelaine of enamel and gold set with diamonds and emeralds, elbow sleeves, long kid gloves and pearl colored satin slippers. A magnificent toilet worn by a lady from San Francisco, was of tea rose satin trimmed with a flounce and entire overdress of rare old point lace. The dress was garnished with great clusters of tiger lilies. Another elegant costume was of rose colored Louis XIV. brocade with a petticoat of pale gold satin embroidered in sprays of golden wheat and scarlet poppies. The train was of the brocade. The long pointed bodice was cut square in the neck. Over this was crossed a bertha of duchesse lace, held by a sheaf of Roman gold studded with sparkling gems. A very beautiful toilet made by Worth was composed of peach blossom satin de Lyon and rose colored brocade of the superb quality and large flowered design which Worth is so partial to this season. The edge of the train, which was of the brocade, was trimmed with a fringed out feathery trimming of silk closely box plaited. A wide revers of the plain satin was placed down either side of the skirt, separating the train from the front of the dress. The petticoat was covered with alternate rows of gathered Valenciennes lace ruffles and a heading of the fringed silk plaitings. The sleeves were short, and no ornaments were worn save a cluster of hawthorn blossoms and foliage at the belt and in the hair. A striking costume was made of black satin garnished with gold brocaded net and gold lace. Over the short skirt was draped a genuine Oriental brocaded scarf richly colored and of intricate designs. The front and sides of the skirt were ornamented with gold lace. Very elegant ornaments were worn, consisting of diamond medallions, with bracelets and earrings to correspond. A superb dress was displayed, formed of cameo-tinted satin hand-embroidered with dahlias of the natural size. Another was of hyacinth satin, with overdress of mauve-colored tulle. A very charming dress was of pale blue satin brocaded with silver clover blossoms and forget-me-nots, with a tablier of pearls and cut jet pendants, white lace sleeves and ornaments of silver filigree work set with pearls. A graceful blonde were a cream-white silk dress combined with lunar dotted nun's veiling, Spanish lace trimmings, white guelder roses and pink geranium blossoms. A salmon pink dress was garnished with draperies of Venetian lace and caught with clusters of jacqueminot roses and sprays of smilax, and had a square-cut corsage with Medicis collar. C. D. F.

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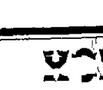

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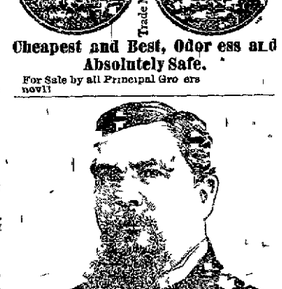

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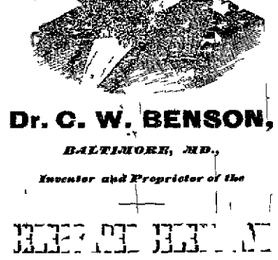

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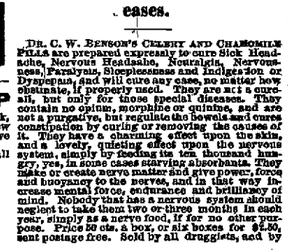

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Belfast,	6 30	7 00
Bucksport,	6 30	
Dixmont,	6 30	8 15
E. Corinth and Charleston,		2 30
Levant and Exeter,		1 30
Bradford,		1 30
Monroe,		3 30
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European Railway,		6 15
Piscataquis Railroad,		6 15
Ellsworth,		6 00
Cherryfield & Machias,	5 30	
Belfast,		5 00
Bucksport,	7 00	3 00
Dixmont,	5 00	
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter,	11 30	
Bradford,	10 30	
Monroe,	10 30	
Amherst & Aurora	11 30	

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